Aug 26, 2023

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆三▶ ◆三▶ 三三 のへぐ

© 2023 Oliver Kennedy, Eric Mikida, The University at Buffalo, SUNY

Who are we?

Hi, I'm Oliver.

okennedy@buffalo.edu

I study how people interact with data (spreadsheets).

- I make data go vroom (compilers, data structures).
- I've been teaching data structures for 4 years.
- I do western martial arts X.
- 🔹 l bike ... a lot 🦗.

Who are we?

Oliver Kennedy okennedy@buffalo.edu Where: Capen 211 (in Capen 212) Office Hours: Fri 10:00-11:30

- Alex Kim
- Alex Terry
- Brendan O'Connell
- Chris Dearing
- Derek Gage
- Doniyor Ismatilloev
- Emilie Griffin
- Eric Xie
- Ethan Phan
- Eugenia Vance

- Evan Jiang
- Faizaan Mohammed Ali
- Isabel Kimos
- Jennifer Furdzik
- Jonathan Guzman
- Jordan Wang
- Joy Lee
- Julia Joseph
- Marian Huynh

Eric Mikida epmikida@buffalo.edu Where: Capen 208 (in Capen 212) Office Hours: Tue 3:30-5 PM; Wed 11:00-1:00

- Matthew Bieniak
- Milos Petrovic
- Robby Pruzan
- Ronan Kasmier
- Shreyas Narayanan Sridhar
- Vipassana Khandare

- Vrushaali Nagaraj
- Wonwoo Jeong

Course Overview

Finding Capen 212



212 Capen: Take these elevators, then turn right.

Logistics

Course Forums: Piazza

https://piazza.com/buffalo/fall2024/cse250

Course Website / Syllabus:

https://cse.buffalo.edu/courses/cse250/2024-fa

Assignment Submission: Autolab https://autolab.cse.buffalo.edu/courses/cse250-f24/

Assignment Distribution: Github Classroom

Logistics

Course Forums: Piazza

https://piazza.com/buffalo/fall2024/cse250

Course Website / Syllabus:

https://cse.buffalo.edu/courses/cse250/2024-fa

- Assignment Submission: Autolab https://autolab.cse.buffalo.edu/courses/cse250-f24/
- Assignment Distribution: Github Classroom

Please keep discussions on Piazza (use private posts if necessary)

Logistics

• Course Forums: Piazza

https://piazza.com/buffalo/fall2024/cse250

Course Website / Syllabus:

https://cse.buffalo.edu/courses/cse250/2024-fa

- Assignment Submission: Autolab https://autolab.cse.buffalo.edu/courses/cse250-f24/
- Assignment Distribution: Github Classroom

Please keep discussions on Piazza (use private posts if necessary) Always include [CSE-250] on the subject line when emailing

・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・

Development Environment

Supported Operating Systems

- MacOS
- Ubuntu Linux
- Windows + WSL/Ubuntu

Supported Development Environments

IntelliJ

Development Environment

Supported Operating Systems

- MacOS
- Ubuntu Linux
- Windows + WSL/Ubuntu

Supported Development Environments

IntelliJ

Other setups are ok, but the more your setup differs, the less we'll be able to help you.

Course Overview

Syllabus Review





https://cse.buffalo.edu/courses/cse250/2024-fa

・ロト ・ 目 ・ ・ ヨト ・ ヨ ・ うへつ

Course Overview

Syllabus Review

Grading

Grade Breakdown

- Assignments 40% (5%. each)
- Participation 10%
- 2 Midterms 15% each
- Final Exam 20%

Score (x)	Letter Grade	Quality Points
$90\% \le x \le 100\%$	A	4
$85\% \le x < 90\%$	A-	3.67
$80\% \le x < 85\%$	B+	3.33
$75\% \le x < 80\%$	В	3
$70\% \le x < 75\%$	B-	2.67
$65\% \le x < 70\%$	C+	2.33
$60\% \le x < 65\%$	С	2
$55\% \le x < 60\%$	C-	1.67
$50\% \le x < 55\%$	D	1
$0\% \le x < 50\%$	F	0

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ■ ●の00

Course Overview

Syllabus Review

Written Assignments

■ ~Bi-Weekly Written Assignments

Expect to spend about a week working on it Submissions allowed up to a day late (50% penalty)

- You are responsible for submission format Submit only PDFs Submissions that can't be read will receive a 0
- We recommend writing solutions by hand Handwritten work is retained more effectively It's easier to write out math by hand

Syllabus Review

Programming Assignments

Typical Programming assignment

- Write Test Cases (5/30 points) Due before implementation
- Implementation Correctness (20/30 points)

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ □ のQで

Implementation Efficiency (5/30 points)

Syllabus Review

Programming Assignments

Typical Programming assignment

- Write Test Cases (5/30 points) Due before implementation
- Implementation Correctness (20/30 points)
- Implementation Efficiency (5/30 points)

Your grade is based on the <u>last</u> submission you make.

Course Overview

Syllabus Review

Assignments

You have 2-3 weeks per assignment

- Plan to start early and work throughout
- 25% penalty per day late
- Assignment schedule on course site
 - Let us know **early** if you have conflicts.

You 3 'grace days' for the semester

Applied automatically, even if your score does not increase

Syllabus Review

Assignments

You have 2-3 weeks per assignment

- Plan to start early and work throughout
- 25% penalty per day late
- Assignment schedule on course site
 - Let us know **early** if you have conflicts.

You 3 'grace days' for the semester

Applied automatically, even if your score does not increase

Course staff have lives (yep, it's true). Do not expect help after 5 PM on the Friday before it is due.

・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・

Course Overview

Syllabus Review

Exams

- In-Class Midterms (Fri 10/4 and Friday 11/8, in class)
 - More details as exams approach
- One Final Exam (12/13 at 8 AM)
 - Comprehensive exam (all topics are fair game)
 - Check for conflicts ASAP
 - If HUB updates, trust the date in HUB

Please contact Accessibility Resources for accommodations

https://www.buffalo.edu/studentlife/who-we-are/departments/accessibility.html

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ■ ● ●

Syllabus Review

Attendance / Participation

Lecture

- No recorded attendance
- We're here to answer questions (use the opportunity!)

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ □ のQで

Recitation

- Attendance is mandatory after add/drop
- Recitation next week is optional for tech support
- Normal recitations begin the week of 9/9

Course Overview

- Collaboration

Collaboration

Do...

- ... work together to brainstorm ideas
- ... explain concepts to each other
- ... include a list of collaborators on all submitted work
- Do not...
 - ... write solutions while working together
 - ... describe the details of solutions or code
 - ... leave your code in a place where someone else can see it

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ □ のQで

If in doubt, ask a member of the course staff.

Course Overview

- Collaboration

Resource Policy

- Do...
 - ... use materials provided by course staff (Piazza, Class, OH)

- use materials provided by textbooks, readings
- ... cite materials you reference for written work
- ... cite sources for all code you reference/copy

Course Overview

- Collaboration

Resource Policy

- Do not...
 - ... reference random videos that "helped you solve the problem"

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ■ ●の00

- ... reference exact solutions found online
- ... use LLMs/Chatbots/etc...
- … hire "private tutors"

Course Overview

- Collaboration

Resource Policy

- Do not...
 - ... reference random videos that "helped you solve the problem"
 - ... reference exact solutions found online
 - ... use LLMs/Chatbots/etc...
 - … hire "private tutors"
 - If you have an actual tutor, please contact course staff.

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ■ ●の00

- Collaboration

Why?

- This is an intro-level course. You're learning.
- If you don't understand, you will struggle with later courses (e.g., 331).
- If someone else does the work, you're not the one that understands.
- We want you to understand the pieces, so that you can (eventually) start fitting them together in clever ways.

- Collaboration

Why?

- This is an intro-level course. You're learning.
- If you don't understand, you will struggle with later courses (e.g., 331).
- If someone else does the work, you're not the one that understands.
- We want you to understand the pieces, so that you can (eventually) start fitting them together in clever ways.

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ■ ● ●

If we catch you cheating, you get an F.

- Collaboration

Other Ways to Get an F

- Work in a group by assigning each person to a problem.
- Copy a friend's homework because you forgot ($\sim 1\%$ of your grade is not worth it)
- Share your homework with your friend (I can't tell who copied)

・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・

 Submit work without citations (Cited work included in your project is not an AI violation)

- Collaboration

Other Ways to Get an F

- Work in a group by assigning each person to a problem.
- Copy a friend's homework because you forgot ($\sim 1\%$ of your grade is not worth it)
- Share your homework with your friend (I can't tell who copied)

・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・
・

Submit work without citations (Cited work included in your project is not an Al violation)
(Although we will grade you on the work you did)

Course Overview

- Collaboration

You are liable if someone else submits your work as their own.

Course Overview

Collaboratior



Don't cheat!

Collaboration

Amnesty Policy

Don't cheat! ... but we understand that mistakes happen.

- Collaboration

Amnesty Policy

Don't cheat! ... but we understand that mistakes happen. You may retract any work you submit, at any time **before** we discover that it contains an AI violation.

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ■ ●の00

- Collaboration

Amnesty Policy

Don't cheat! ... but we understand that mistakes happen. You may retract any work you submit, at any time **before** we discover that it contains an AI violation.

Dear Dr. Kennedy,

In order to preserve academic integrity in CSE 250, I would like to withdraw my submission for Project/Homework XXX.

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Sincerely, Name (ubname@buffalo.edu)

Course Overview

Collaboration



If ChatGPT can do your work... you will not be employable for very long.

Course Overview

How to ask questions?

When to Ask Questions

- In Class (raise your hand¹)
- Piazza (Ask anytime!)
- Office Hours (All the TAs have been where you've been)
- Recitations (... if you prefer smaller, less intimidating settings)

Course Overview

└─ How to ask questions?

How to Ask Questions

To ask a question...

- Check if the answer already exists (syllabus, Piazza, course site)
- Frame your question carefully. (Avoid phrases like "it's not working")
- Let the SA/Instructor know what you tried. (Try to solve the problem yourself before asking)
- Copy and paste <u>text</u> error messages, and <u>not screenshots</u> (Piazza can't search images)

Course Overview

└─ How to ask questions?

How to Ask Questions

To ask a question...

- Check if the answer already exists (syllabus, Piazza, course site)
- Frame your question carefully. (Avoid phrases like "it's not working")
- Let the SA/Instructor know what you tried. (Try to solve the problem yourself before asking)
- Copy and paste <u>text</u> error messages, and <u>not screenshots</u> (Piazza can't search images)

Often, if you follow the steps above, you'll find that you can answer your own question in the process!

What is a Data Structure?



◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆ 臣▶ ◆ 臣▶ ○ 臣 ○ の Q @
What is a Data Structure?



◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆ 臣▶ ◆ 臣▶ ○ 臣 ○ の Q @

What is a Data Structure?



◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆ 臣▶ ◆ 臣▶ ○ 臣 ○ の Q @



▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三三 - のへぐ



▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三三 - のへぐ

So what is a data structure?

A thing to put your things in.

Why?

1 Which is easier to find stuff in: an organized or a messy room?

So what is a data structure?

A thing to put your things in.

Why?

1 Which is easier to find stuff in: an organized or a messy room?

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ □ のQで

2 Which is easier to maintain?

Examples of Data Structures

Store a list of things in some order ("List")

- Array
- Linked List
- ArrayBuffer
- Store things organized by an Attribute ("Map", "Dictionary")

- Hash Table
- Binary Search Tree
- Red-Black Tree

Why should I care?

How do I make my code efficient?

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三三 - のへぐ

How do I make my code efficient?

- **Tactical**: Optimize your Code
 - Understand the memory hierarchy

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三 のへぐ

Understand the CPU/OS

How do I make my code efficient?

- Tactical: Optimize your Code
 - Understand the memory hierarchy
 - Understand the CPU/OS
- Strategic: Optimize your Algorithm
 - Understand how your algorithm scales

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ □ のQで

Avoid repetition in your code

Why should I care?

How do I make my code efficient?

- Tactical: Optimize your Code
 - Understand the memory hierarchy
 - Understand the CPU/OS
- Strategic: Optimize your Algorithm
 - Understand how your algorithm scales

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ □ のQで

Avoid repetition in your code

CSE 250 focuses on optimizing algorithms

Why should I care?

└─ Some Examples

Tactical Programming

Go from point A to point B

- 1 Move up 100 feet
- 2 Turn right, move forward 200 feet
- 3 Move north 10 feet then turn left
- 4 Move forward 20 feet
- 5 Move south 50 feet
- 6 Move west 150 feet, then turn left

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ □ のQで

7 Move forward 60 feet

Why should I care?

└─ Some Examples

Tactical Programming

Go from point A to point B

- 1 Move up 100 feet
- 2 Turn right, move forward 200 feet
- 3 Move north 10 feet then turn left
- 4 Move forward 20 feet
- 5 Move south 50 feet
- 6 Move west 150 feet, then turn left
- 7 Move forward 60 feet

We can optimize each individual step

Why should I care?

└─ Some Examples

Tactical Programming

Go from point A to point B

- Move up 100 feet
- 2 Turn right, move forward 200 feet
- 3 Move north 10 feet then turn left
- 4 Move forward 20 feet
- 5 Move south 50 feet
- 6 Move west 150 feet, then turn left
- 7 Move forward 60 feet

We can optimize each individual step

 Taking a bike will speed up step 2 compared to walking.

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶

Why should I care?

└─ Some Examples

Tactical Programming

Go from point A to point B

- Move up 100 feet
- 2 Turn right, move forward 200 feet
- 3 Move north 10 feet then turn left
- 4 Move forward 20 feet
- 5 Move south 50 feet
- 6 Move west 150 feet, then turn left
- 7 Move forward 60 feet

We can optimize each individual step

- Taking a bike will speed up step 2 compared to walking.
- Installing an east/west slip-and-slide will speed up step 6.

Why should I care?

Some Examples

Strategic Programming

- Look at the big picture
- Design an algorithm
- Focus on "complexity"

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ■ ●の00

Why should I care?

Some Examples

Strategic Programming

- Look at the big picture
- Design an algorithm
- Focus on "complexity"



Why should I care?

Some Examples

Strategic Programming

- Look at the big picture
- Design an algorithm
- Focus on "complexity"



Why not just move east 30 feet...

Why should I care?

└─ Some Examples



Live Demo

(thanks to Prakshal Jain; 2021 TA for the suggestion/prototype)

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三三 - のへぐ

Why should I care?

Know Arcane Lore, Amaze Your Friends

C++ Standard Library

age Discussion	View	Edit	History
++ Containers library std::unordered_map			
td::unordered_map			
Defined in header <unordered_map></unordered_map>			
<pre>template< class Key, class Key, class T, class Hash = std::hash<key>, class KeyEqual = std::equal_to<key>, class Allocator = std::allocator< std::pair<const key,="" t=""> > class undered_map; class Allocator = std::allocator</const></key></key></pre>		(1)	(since C++11)
<pre>namespace pmr { template <</pre>	>>>;	(2)	(since C++17)

std: unordered_map is an associative container that contains key-value pairs with unique keys. Search, insertion, and removal of elements have average constant-time complexity.

Internally, the elements are not sorted in any particular order, but organized into buckets. Which bucket an element is placed into depends entirely on the hash of its key. Keys with the same hash code appear in the same bucket. This allows fast access to individual elements, since once the hash is computed, it refers to the exact bucket the element is

https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/container/unordered_map

Why should I care?

Know Arcane Lore, Amaze Your Friends

C++ Standard Library

age Discussion	View	Edit	Histor
++ Containers library std::unordered_map			
ad::unordered_map			
Defined in header <unordered_map></unordered_map>			
<pre>template< class Key, class F, class Hash = std::hash<key>, class KeyEqual = std::equal_to<key>, class KeyEqual = std::equal_to<key>, class Allocator = std::allocator< std::pair<const key,="" t=""> > class of the off off off off off off off off off of</const></key></key></key></pre>		(1)	(since C++11)
namespace pmr { template < class Key,		(2)	(since C++17)

std:unordered_map is an associative contained by contained you are pairs with unique keys. Search, insertion, and removal of elements have average constant-time complexity.

Internally, the elements are not sorted in any particular order, but organized into buckets. Which bucket an element is placed into depends entirely on the hash of its key. Keys with the same hash code appear in the same bucket. This allows fast access to individual elements, since once the hash is computed, it refers to the exact bucket the element is

https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/container/unordered_map

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Why should I care?

└─Know Arcane Lore, Amaze Your Friends

Java's Util

java.util

Class ArrayList<E>

java.lang.Object java.util.AbstractCollection<E> java.util.AbstractList<E> java.util.ArrayList<E>

All Implemented Interfaces:

Serializable, Cloneable, Iterable<E>, Collection<E>, List<E>, RandomAccess

Direct Known Subclasses:

AttributeList, RoleList, RoleUnresolvedList

public class ArrayList<E>
extends AbstractList<E>
implements List<E>, RandomAccess, Cloneable, Serializable

Resizable-array implementation of the List interface. Implements all optional list operations, and permits all elements, including null. In addition to implementing the List interface, this class provides methods to manipulate the size of the array that is used internally to store the list. (This class is roughly equivalent to vector, except that it is unsynchronized.)

The size, is Empty and the second sec

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/

Why should I care?

Know Arcane Lore, Amaze Your Friends



Every (good) standard data structure library provides guarantees on the complexity of its data structures' operations

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲□▶ ■ ●の00

Why should I care?

Know Arcane Lore, Amaze Your Friends



Every (good) standard data structure library provides guarantees on the complexity of its data structures' operations

Understanding complexity can be the difference between code that runs in 6 hours vs code that runs in 8 seconds.

Containers

We have

A list of cats

We want

- To get the first cat in the list
- To add a new cat to the front of the list

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

To get the nth cat in the list

Containers

We have

A list of cats

We want

- To get the first cat in the list
- To add a new cat to the front of the list
- To get the nth cat in the list

This is an abstract data type

Abstract Datatypes

Stuff you store (data)

A list of cats

Operations you can perform on the stored stuff

- To get the first cat in the list
- To add a new cat to the front of the list
- To get the nth cat in the list

So how do we store our list of cats?

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆臣▶ ◆臣▶ 臣 の�?

Options

 Very Fast: Prepend, Get First Very Slow: Get Nth

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆臣▶ ◆臣▶ □臣 ○のへ⊙

Options

 Very Fast: Prepend, Get First Very Slow: Get Nth
 Very Fast: Get Nth, Get First

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Very Slow: Prepend

Options

- Very Fast: Prepend, Get First Very Slow: Get Nth
- 2 Very Fast: Get Nth, Get First Very Slow: Prepend
- 3 Very Fast: Prepend, Get First Sometimes Slow: Prepend

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Options

- Very Fast: Prepend, Get First Very Slow: Get Nth
- 2 Very Fast: Get Nth, Get First Very Slow: Prepend
- 3 Very Fast: Prepend, Get First Sometimes Slow: Prepend

Which is best?

▲ロ ▶ ▲周 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ▲ 国 ▶ ● の Q @

Options

1 Very Fast: Prepend, Get First	Linked List
Very Slow: Get Nth	
2 Very Fast: Get Nth, Get First Very Slow: Prepend	Array
3 Very Fast: Prepend, Get First Sometimes Slow: Prepend	ArrayBuffer (reversed)

Which is best?

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三三 - のへぐ

It Depends! No one option is always best!

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三三 - のへぐ

- Containers

Some Common Ideas

More work now

Storing Data

VS

More work later

VS

Computing Data

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆臣▶ ◆臣▶ □臣 ○のへ⊙

Course Overview

Course Roadmap

Course Roadmap - Part 1

Analysis Tools/Techniques	ADTs	Data Structures			
Asymptotic Analysis					
(Unqualified) Runtime Bounds					
	Sequence	Array, Linked List			
Amortized Runtime	List	ArrayList, LinkedList			
Recursive Analysis					
Divide and Conquer					
Average/Expected Runtime					
	Stack, Queue	ArrayList, LinkedList			
Midterm 1					

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三三 - のへぐ
Course Overview

Course Roadmap

Course Roadmap - Part 2

Analysis Tools/Techniques	ADTs	Data Structures
Revisit Recursive Analysis	Graphs	Edge List,
	PriorityQueue	Adjacency List,
		Adjacency Matrix
	Trees	BST, AVL Tree,
		Red-Black Tree,
		Heaps
Midterm 2		
Review Expected Runtime	Hash Tables	Chaining,
		Open Addressing,
		Cuckoo Hashing
Misc Topics/Buffer		
Final Exam		

└─ Next steps...



Log into autolab; it will take you under 10 minutes.

Due Sun, Sept 8 at 11:59 PM

Successfully completing the AI exam with a passing grade is mandatory. If you don't get 100% by the deadline, you get an 'F'.

Course Overview

Next steps...

Java Hello World Project

Posted on course website; Submit a java program that prints out your github username.

Due Sun, Sept 8 at 11:59 PM

This project does not count for a grade, but you must get a 100% to pass the class.

Next steps...

Join Piazza

Accept emailed invites to join the course Piazza

◆□▶ ◆□▶ ◆臣▶ ◆臣▶ □臣 ○のへ⊙

Read over @6 and @7

Course Overview

Next steps..

Questions?

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ 三▶ ▲ 三▶ 三三 - のへぐ