Expect problems and eat them for breakfast

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About me

- Assistant Professor @ UB since August 2015
- Ph.D. from University of Minnesota in 2012
- Seníor Research Scientíst at Verísign Labs
- Researcher at ETRI from 2005 to 2009
- Work on security and privacy in networks
 and some other random topics
- ... and I run for fun.

Outlines

- About me!
- Why you should do a Ph.D.
- The (title) problems
- The PROCESS
 - where to find (research) problems
 - How to solve your problems
 - Publishing and being famous (maybe not really)
 - ... a few words about time management
- What I do (no, really, what I do?)

Why you should do a Ph.D.

- You are here, so you already know!
 But seríously, why are you here?
- Personal motivation:
 - I want to learn more about "that thing"!
 - valuable asset; potentially higher paid job
 - It's a prestige (despite inflation)
 - Do things that only Ph.D.'s can do.

Why you should do a Ph.D., (2)

- Not having the right motivation? Reality:

 You will live poor for a certain amount of time
 You will have to live under pressure... a lot of it
 May not get a lot more money than master's
 Your job prospects, well, might not be great

 Again, to the positive side:
 - Somebody will pay you (minimally) to do something that you (hopefully) like.

Expect Problems!

- Staying motivated is really difficult!
 So you want to finish ASAP
- Sometimes you want to hide! Don't hide for long
 Commit, deliver frequently, and ask for feedback.
- When you finish, you are expected to be the expert.
 So be that expert (there's no or).
- Publishing is the name of the game!
 - Read and write, that's easy (said)!
 - And grow your network!
- Time is limited! Manage it wisely.

The Process

- Find problems
- Solve them
- Publish... and maybe get famous
 and move on with your life.
 - (do all the coursework before you can move)
- More on time management

How to Find Problems

- Three possible ways to find problems
 Find a new problem by yourself
 - Requires preliminary (hard) work!
 - Ask your adviser for a problem to work on
 - They would have a problem or two they work on
 - Consult the community for open problems
 - Perhaps possible in the theory community and less likely in systems in general.
 - Be careful, open problems are difficult ones

How to Find Problems (1)

- Find a problem by yourself
 - Take a seminar course on your favorite subject
 - You will know what problems people work on!
 - Read the art on a broad problem of interest.
 - Know what solutions people tried and why
 - As you go:
 - Develop critical thinking qualities
 - Challenge assumptions (kindly) for a better world!
 - Claim that as your problem, and work on it!

How to Find Problems (1)

- Read good papers from good conferences
 Hawaíí ínt'l conf. on sys scí. ís an exceptíon
- Don't read bad papers, not even for fun
 - At least not at the beginning of your formative time; not even by famous people!
 - Consult your adviser on what's good.
 - Acceptance rates, impact factors, x-indexes, etc., aren't necessarily the only indicator of good.

How to Find Problems (2)

Ask your adviser for a problem
 Adviser's have problems that they work on

- Read the art on that particular problem

- Know what solutions people tried and why
- As you go:
 - Develop critical thinking qualities
 - Challenge assumptions (kindly) for a better world!
 - Try something new that will solve the problem.

How to Find Problems (3)

- Ask the community
 - Less likely to get a good problem with system
 research, but at least worth trying
 - More relevant to theory research, where you'll find papers dedicated to open problems
 - They are really difficult; that's why they are open?
 - Do an internship; problems there are for free
 - Attend seminars and talks
 - Free cookies and some good problems

in any case

- Start early (as early as possíble)
 - Find an adviser with whom you want to work
 - Take a class with that adviser, and do well.
 - My 1 semester rule: you might not like him or her!
 - Communicate with your adviser regularly
 - Hands-on advísers vs. hands-off advísers
 Both are good just píck what works for you!
 - Request at least 1 meeting per week!
 - User your adviser's time wisely.

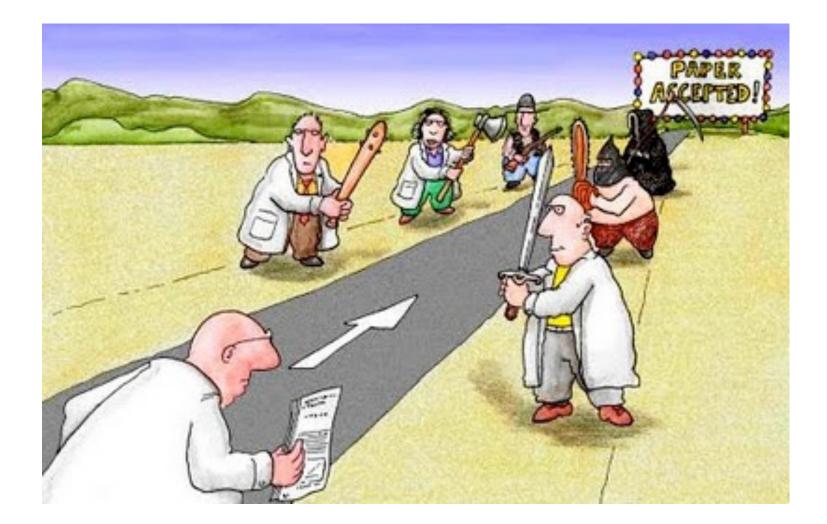
How to solve problems

• I don't really know!



- Problems have structure
 - Símílar problems are addressed símílarly
 - To know that, you have to read enough
- .. And sometimes a problem is all you need.

On Publishing



On Publishing

- · You don't get a Ph.D. without publishing
 - Peer-reviewed work; conferences & journals.
 - They are selective; 10-15% is not unheard of and 15-25% is the norm for selective conferences.
 - It's an easy measure of your expertise
 - You need that also to get a research job afterwards.
 - How many depends on area, adviser, school, etc
 - Publishing can be a rewarding experience
 - And can be very painful réjection tastes sour!

On Publishing (2)

- Being a good researcher doesn't imply being a good writer or vice versa!
 - Writing is a skill you will learn over time
 - Been a researcher for 10 years; I'm still learning.
 - I keep all of my embarrassing drafts
 - Dedícate tíme to learn wríting, and take that learning process very seriously.
 - You have to write to a variety of audiences
 - But elements of style would be the same.

On Time Management

- Plan your time effectively
- · Get to know yourself
- Track your progress!
 Monthly, Weekly, Daíly
 Quarterly, semester-ly, annual, etc.
- Have fun

- Really, you need that!

Plan Time Effectively

• Keep time

 – Know what you want to do, organize, and commit, and just do it!

- Prioritize
 - Quality goals!
- Accomplish tasks

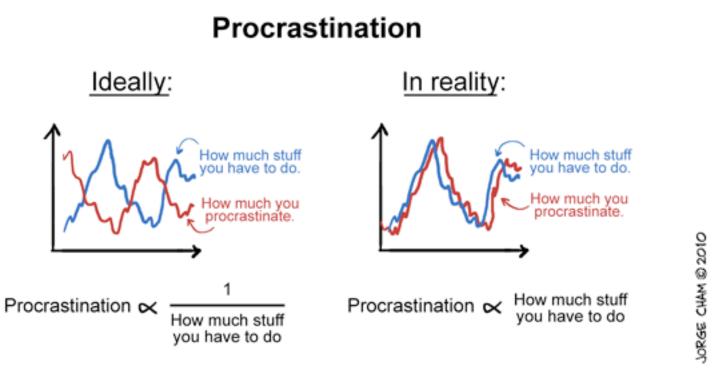
- And subtasks; "excellence is not an act"

• Deal with perfection

- Don't try, really don't try.

TO DO: Make a To-Do List!





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Get to know yourself!



Track Your Progress

- Parkínson's law
 - "work expands so as to fill the time available for its completion"
 - Have firm deadlines
 - ... they will help you achieve goals!
 - ... they will help you prioritize work!
 - Be reasonable about what you can achieve.
 - Get others involved in your deadlines for accountability; adviser ☺

Work Hard & Have fun!

- Fun is part of time management, too.
 - I regret for not having fun during my Ph.D.
 - Okay, maybe not enough fun.
 - Have a hobby
 - I started all my hobbies after defending!
 - Have friends
 - Grow your social network, not only geeks!
 - One or two close friends you can chat research with
 - Your adviser can be your friend, or maybe not.

Work Hard



When it's ok to not work:

- Christmas (morning)
- The Apocalypse (but you're still going to check e-mail, right?)
- Your Professor's Birthday



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what I do! (bit.ly/IMwrtxY)

 Security and privacy in networked systems: a security analytics approach

- Malware analysis and attribution

• Web, binary, infrastructure, etc.

– DDoS attacks analysis, modeling, and prediction, and defenses.

• Botnet-based attacks; data-dríven approach.

- Prívacy in the DNS (and other) eco-systems
- Cybercríme economícs and intent analysis.

Conclusion

You are here, so do your best
 – I hope you are here for the right reasons

- Work hard, but have fun

- Time management is very important
- Start on your research as soon as possíble.
- Ask for help when needed
 - Your adviser is your second best friend
 - You are your best friend.
- ... and good luck!

