

Apr 12

1 min checkin

REMINDERS

- (*) HW 5 due 11:59pm tonight
- (*) HW 6 (last HW!!) out by 11:59pm tonight
 - ↳ If you plan to drop HW 5+6, please do NOT submit
- (*) Video due in 4.5 weeks (11:59pm, Sun, May 14)
 - ↳ Please take my comments + grading rubric of report into account!

RECAP

- (*) Johnson bound: Let $C \subseteq [q]^n$ have $d = \delta n$.

$$P \leq J_q(\delta) \Rightarrow C \text{ is } C_{p, qdn} \text{-l.d.}$$

$$J_q(\delta) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{q}\right) \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{q\delta}{q-1}}\right)$$

- (*) COROLLARY (of proof of list decoding capacity results)

Let $C \subseteq [q]^n$ be a code. $\exists \bar{y}^* \in [q]^n$ s.t.

$$|B(\bar{y}^*, pn) \cap C| \geq |C| \cdot \frac{\text{Vol}_q(pn, n)}{q^n} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Plan for today (*) Elias - Bassalygo bound (*) More on R vs. δ & q

(*) (If there is time) code concatenation

List decoding Capacity

$$\equiv p \approx 1 - R - \epsilon$$

$$q \geq 2^{\Omega(1/\epsilon)}$$

$$1 - H_q(p) \approx 1 - p - \epsilon \quad \text{if } q \geq 2^{\Omega(1/\epsilon)}$$

Q1) Explicit codes that achieve l.d. capacity? $p \approx 1 - R - \epsilon$

Q2)

encoding + decoding

Q3) Above (Q2) with $p = 1 - \sqrt{R}$? Yes. (As of last week)

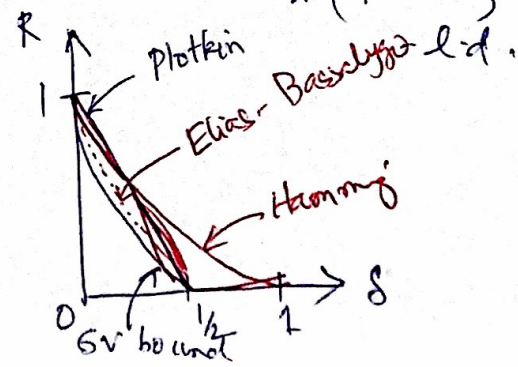
$\exists$ RS codes for $n(1 - R - \epsilon, O(1/\epsilon))$

Back to R vs δ

Elias - Bassalygo bound

Any q -ary code of rate R & rel-dist δ

$$R \leq 1 - H_q(J_q(\delta)) + o(1)$$



$$R \leq \frac{1 - H_q(J_q(s)) + o(1)}{J_q(s)}$$

pf: $e = J_q(s)n - 1 \Rightarrow p = \frac{e}{n} < J_q(s)$

Let C be a code of rel. dist. s

By the Johnson bound. $\Rightarrow C$ is (p, qdn) -l.d.

$$\Rightarrow \forall \bar{y} \in [q]^n, |B(\bar{y}, e) \cap C| \leq qdn$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{for } \bar{y}^* \in m(1), |B(\bar{y}^*, e) \cap C| \leq qdn$$

Other by Cor. $|B(\bar{y}^*, e) \cap C| \geq |C| \cdot \frac{\text{Vol}_q(pn, n)}{q^n}$

$$\Rightarrow qdn \geq |C| \cdot \frac{\text{Vol}_q(pn, n)}{q^n}$$

$$\Rightarrow |C| \leq \frac{q^n}{\text{Vol}_q(pn, n)} \cdot (qdn)$$

$$\Rightarrow q^{Rn} \leq \frac{q^n}{\text{Vol}_q(pn, n)} \cdot (qdn)$$

$$\leq \frac{q^n}{q^{H_q(p)n - o(n)}} \cdot q^{o(n)}$$

$$= \frac{q^{n - H_q(p)n + o(n) + o(n)}}{q^{n - H_q(p)n + o(n)}} = q^{n(1 - H_q(p) + o(1))}$$

$$\Rightarrow R \leq 1 - H_q(p) + o(1)$$

$$< 1 - H_q(J_q(s)) + o(1) \quad \square$$

McEliece, Poluekhov, Rumsey, Welch bound (MRRW bound)

$$s = \frac{1}{2} - \epsilon$$

GV bound: $R_{GV} \geq 2\epsilon^2$

MRRW bound: $R_{MRRW} \leq O(\epsilon^2 \log \frac{1}{\epsilon})$

Recap:

Shannon	Hamming $q=2$	
BSCp	Unique	List
Cap: $1-H(p)$	$R \geq 1-H(p)$ $R \leq MRRN$	Cap: $1-H(p)$
Explicit codes on capacity?	Explicit asymptotically good codes $R > 0, \delta > 0$	Explicit codes on capacity?

Still open: (1) Optimal R vs δ tradeoff / $(q < 4q)$
Is GV bound optimal $(q \geq 4q)$

(2) Explicit codes on GV bound $(q < 4q)$

Algebraic
Geometric codes

(i) Uniquely decode RS codes of rate R from $\frac{1-R}{2}$ frac. of errors in poly time?

(ii) Explicit binary asymptotically good codes? ~~---~~

(iii) Once (ii) is done, efficient decoding for > 0 frac. of errors?

	R	δ
Hamming	$1 - O(\frac{1}{\log n})$	$O(\frac{1}{n})$

Look back at explicit binary codes (Good: $R > 0, \delta > 0$)

Hamming	$1 - O(\frac{1}{\log n})$	$O(\frac{1}{n})$
Hadamard	$O(\frac{1}{\log n})$	$\frac{1}{2}$
RS + binary	$R = \frac{1}{2}$	$\delta = \frac{1}{2}$

$[n, k, n-k+1]$ $q=2^s$
 $(\geq n)$

$q=2^s$
any element in $\mathbb{F}_{q^s}$ as $\{0,1\}^s$

replace each $\alpha \in \mathbb{F}_{2^s} \rightarrow \text{bin}(\alpha) \in \{0,1\}^s$

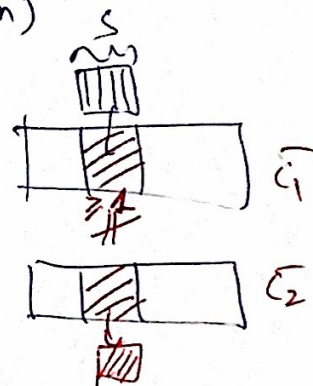
$(ns, ks, n-k+1)_2$

$(\mathbb{F}_{2^s})^k \equiv \{0,1\}^{ks}$

$\mathbb{B}_2$

$$R_{\text{new}} = \frac{ks}{ns} = \frac{k}{n} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\delta_{\text{new}} \geq \frac{n-k+1}{ns} \geq \frac{n/2}{ns} = \frac{1}{2s} = \Theta(\frac{1}{\log n})$$



Q: What if we had access to $c' : \mathbb{F}_{2^s} \rightarrow \{0,1\}^{2s}$
 s.t. $\forall \alpha \neq \beta \in \mathbb{F}_{2^s} \quad \Delta(c'(\alpha), c'(\beta)) \geq \Omega(s)$

