

May 9

1 min check in

REMINDER

(*) Video + peer survey due by 11:59 pm this Sunday

RECAP

$f(x)$	...	$f(x^{n-m})$
$f(x^m)$	...	$f(x^{(m+1)m})$

(*) List Decoding problem for FRS

I/p: Agreement parameter $0 \leq t < N \leftrightarrow N = n/m$ and received word

$$\bar{y} = \begin{pmatrix} y_0 & \dots & y_{n-m} \\ y_m & \dots & y_{n-1} \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{F}_q^{m \times N}$$

O/p: ALL poly $P(x)$ of $\deg \leq k-1$ s.t. for at least t values of $i \in [N]$:

$$\begin{bmatrix} P(x^{mi}) \\ \vdots \\ P(x^{(m+1)m-1}) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y_{mi} \\ \vdots \\ y_{(m+1)m-1} \end{bmatrix} \quad (*)$$

Algo (PV)

TBD: D

1. Compute non-zero $Q(x, y_1, \dots, y_m) = A_0(x) + y_1 A_1(x) + \dots + y_m A_m(x)$ s.t. $\deg(A_0) \leq D+k-1$, $\deg(A_j) \leq D \forall j \in [m]$ where

$$\forall 0 \leq i < N \quad Q(x^{mi}, y_{mi}, y_{mi+m}, \dots, y_{(m+1)m-1}) = 0$$

2. Output all $P(x)$ with $Q(x, P(x), P(x), \dots, P(x^{m-1}x)) = 0$ s.t. conditions in (*) are satisfied

Lemma 1: $(m+1)(D+1) + k-1 > N \Rightarrow$ step 1 is correct

Lemma 2: $t > D+k-1 \Rightarrow$ step 2 is correct

for large enough m
 $R \rightarrow 0$
 $> 1 - \sqrt{R}$

Plan for today: (*) Compute p vs R tradeoff in PV $\frac{m}{m+1} (1 - mR) \leq p$

(*) Towards getting $p = 1 - R - \epsilon$ fraction of errors (another FRS LQ algo)

Param choice: $D = \left\lfloor \frac{N-k+1}{m+1} \right\rfloor$ (Note: $\lfloor x \rfloor > x - 1$)

$$\Rightarrow (m+1)(D+1) + k-1 > \frac{(m+1)(N-k+1)}{m+1} + k-1 = N - k + 1 + k - 1 = N$$

$\Rightarrow$ Lemma 1 condition holds $\Rightarrow$ step 1 is correct.

Useless if $R > \frac{1}{m}$

For step 2 to be correct, by Lem 2 it is enough if

$$t > D + k - 1 \Leftrightarrow t > \left(\frac{N - k + 1}{m + 1} \right) + R - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} R &= \frac{k}{n} \\ &= \frac{k}{Nm} \\ &\Rightarrow \frac{k}{N} = Rm \end{aligned}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow t > \frac{N}{m+1} - \frac{(k-1)}{m+1} + R - 1 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$t > \frac{N}{m+1} + (k-1) \left(1 - \frac{1}{m+1} \right) = \frac{N}{m+1} + \frac{(k-1)m}{m+1}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow t \geq \frac{N}{m+1} + \frac{k \cdot m}{m+1} = \frac{N}{m+1} \left(1 + \frac{m}{m+1} \cdot \frac{k}{N} \right)$$

$$= \frac{N}{m+1} \left(1 + \frac{m}{m+1} \cdot Rm \right)$$

frac of errors $p \leq 1 - \frac{t}{N} = 1 - \frac{1}{\frac{N}{m+1} \left(1 + \frac{m}{m+1} \cdot Rm \right)}$

Next up: Get $1 - R - \epsilon$ frac of errors.

$= \frac{m}{m+1} - \frac{m}{m+1} \cdot Rm = \frac{m}{m+1} (1 - Rm)$

beats $1 - \sqrt{R}$ as $R \rightarrow 0$ but get rid of this

Intuition

Say $m = 3$

agreement at $0 \leq i < \frac{N}{3}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} P(x^{3i}) \\ P(x^{3i+1}) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y_{3i} \\ y_{3i+1} \end{bmatrix} \text{ AND } \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} P(x^{3i+1}) \\ P(x^{3i+2}) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y_{3i+1} \\ y_{3i+2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} P(x^{3i}) \\ P(x^{3i+1}) \\ P(x^{3i+2}) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y_{3i} \\ y_{3i+1} \\ y_{3i+2} \end{bmatrix}$$

2 agreements over $\mathbb{F}_{q^2}$ ← Currently 1 agreement over $\mathbb{F}_{q^3}$

for general m .

If we "slide" a window of size $s \leq m$

1 agreement over $\mathbb{F}_{q^m}$
 $\Rightarrow (m - s + 1)$ agreement over $\mathbb{F}_{q^s}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} P(x^{mi}) \\ P(x^{mi+1}) \\ \vdots \\ P(x^{mi+s-1}) \\ P(x^{mi+s}) \\ \vdots \\ P(x^{mi+m-1}) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y_{mi} \\ y_{mi+1} \\ \vdots \\ y_{mi+s-1} \\ y_{mi+s} \\ \vdots \\ y_{mi+m-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

1. Compute non-zero $Q(X, Y_1, \dots, Y_s) = A_0(X) + Y_1 A_1(X) + \dots + Y_s A_s(X)$
 with $\deg(A_0) \leq D+k-1$, $\deg(A_j) \leq D \ \forall j \in [s]$
 s.t. $\forall 0 \leq i < N$, $0 \leq j \leq m-s$
 $Q(\gamma^{m+ij}, y_{m+ij}, y_{m+ij+1}, \dots, y_{m+ij+s-1}) = 0$
2. Output all poly. $P(X)$ s.t. $\deg(P) \leq k-1$
 & $Q(X, P(X), P(\gamma X), \dots, P(\gamma^{s-1} X)) = 0$

Correctness:

Lemma 3: If $D \geq \left\lfloor \frac{N(m-s+1) - k + 1}{s+1} \right\rfloor \Rightarrow$ Step 1 is correct.

Pf: Goal: #vars > #eqns.

$$\#vars = \#coeff - Q = D+k + s(D+1) \stackrel{\leftarrow}{=} (s+1)(D+1) + k-1$$

$$\#eqns = N(m-s+1)$$

$$\#vars > \#eqns \Leftrightarrow (s+1)(D+1) + k-1 > N(m-s+1)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (s+1)(D+1) > N(m-s+1) - k + 1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow D+1 > \frac{N(m-s+1) - k + 1}{s+1}$$

Pick $D = \left\lfloor \frac{N(m-s+1) - k + 1}{s+1} \right\rfloor$

Lemma 4: If $t > \frac{D+k-1}{m-s+1} \Rightarrow$ step 2 is correct.

Pf: Let $P(X)$ satisfy (*) $R(X) = Q(X, P(X), P(\gamma X), \dots, P(\gamma^{s-1} X))$

Want $R(X) = 0$

$$\deg(R) \leq D+k-1 \text{ (same argument as in Mon)}$$

Goal': #roots > $D+k-1$ ($\geq \deg(R)$ by degree lemma) $\Rightarrow R(X) = 0$

Fix $0 \leq i < N$ s.t

$\forall 0 \leq j \leq m-s$

$$R(x^{mitj}) = Q(x^{mitj}, p(x^{mitj}), p(x \cdot x^{mitj}), \dots, p(x^s \cdot x^{mitj}))$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} p(x^{mi}) \\ \vdots \\ p(x^{mitj}) \\ \vdots \\ p(x^{mitj+s}) \\ \vdots \\ p(x^{mit+m}) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y^{mi} \\ \vdots \\ y^{mitj} \\ \vdots \\ y^{mitj+s-1} \\ \vdots \\ y^{mit+m-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= Q(x^{mitj}, p(x^{mitj}), p(x^{mitj+1}), \dots, p(x^{mitj+s}))$$

$$\Rightarrow Q(x^{mitj}, y^{mitj}, y^{mitj+1}, \dots, y^{mitj+s-1})$$

by $\rightarrow$ $sep 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x^{mitj}$ is a root of R

$$\# \text{ roots} \geq t(m-s+1)$$

We get Goal' if $t(m-s+1) > D+k-1$

$$\Leftrightarrow t > \frac{D+k-1}{m-s+1}$$

$$D = \left\lfloor \frac{N(m-s+1) - k + 1}{s+1} \right\rfloor$$

$$t > \frac{D+k-1}{m-s+1}$$

Algo can correct $\frac{s}{s+1} \left(1 - \left(\frac{m}{m-s+1} \right)^R \right)$

$s \sim \frac{1}{\epsilon} \quad m \sim \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \quad \rightarrow \geq 1-R-\epsilon!$