

Molecular Structure Determination via *SnB*

SnB

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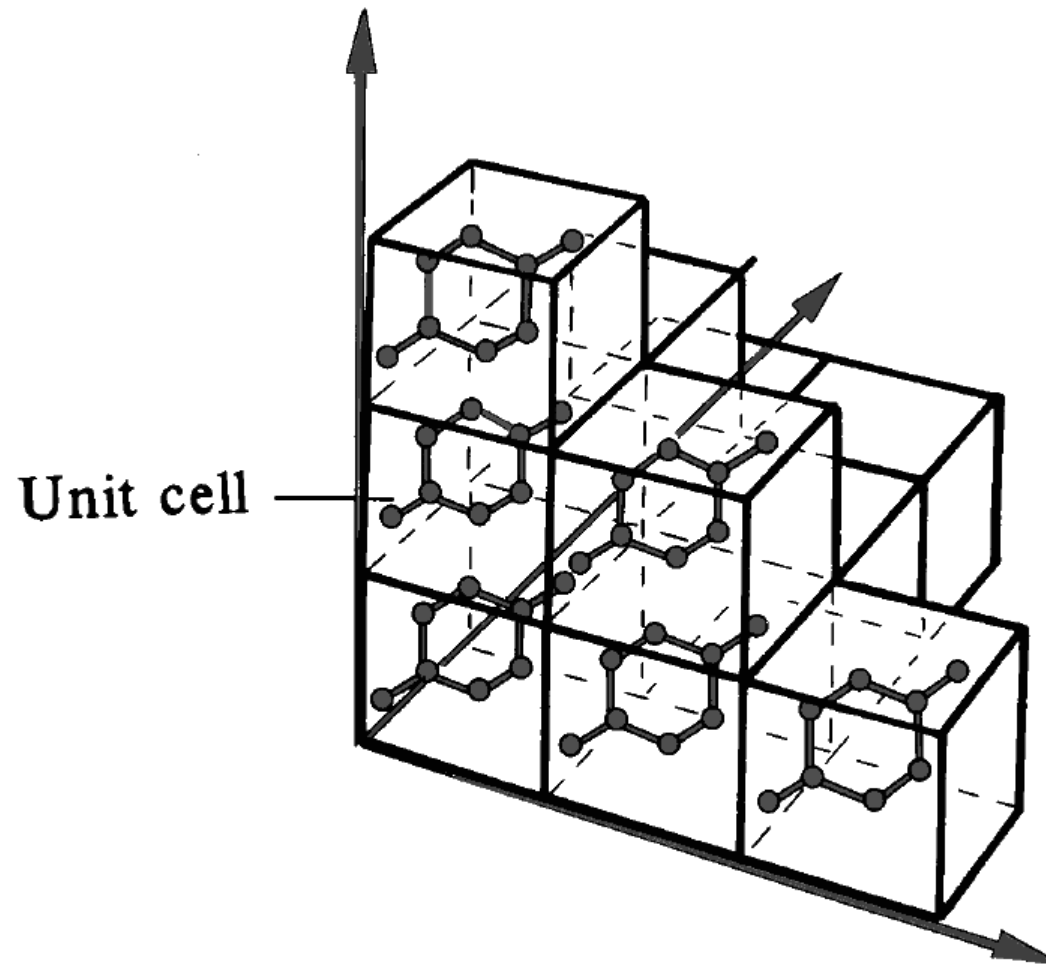
Outline of Talk

SnB

- ◆ **X-Ray Crystallography**
 - **The Phase Problem**
- ◆ *Shake-and-Bake*
 - **The Minimal Function**
- ◆ *SnB*
 - **Results**
- ◆ **Summary**
- ◆ *Demonstration*

A Crystal Structure

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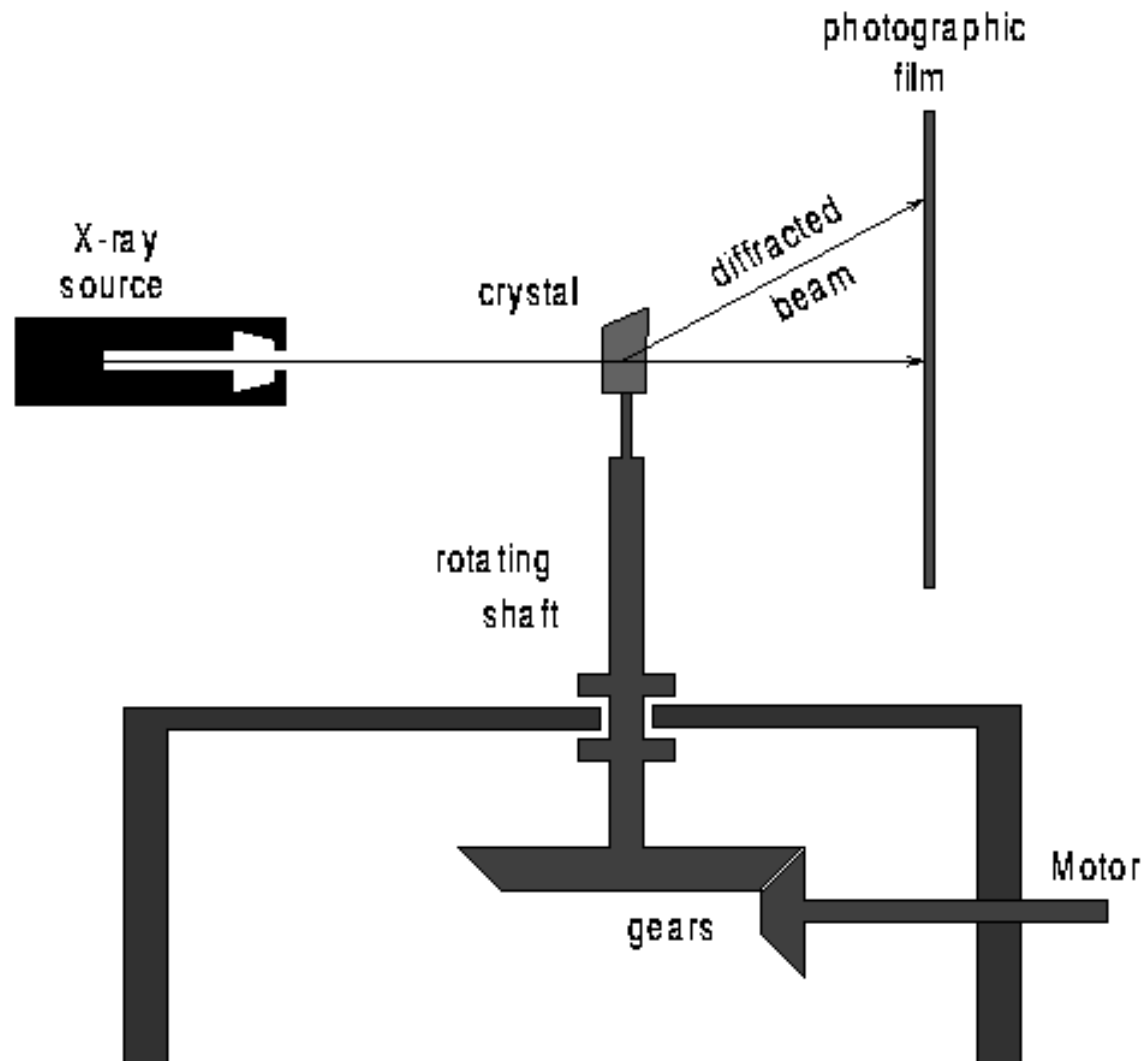
X-Ray Crystallography

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- ◆ **Objective: Provide a 3-D mapping of the atoms in a crystal.**
- ◆ **Procedure:**
 - **Isolate a single crystal.**
 - **Perform the X-Ray diffraction experiment.**
 - **Determine molecular structure that agrees with diffraction data.**

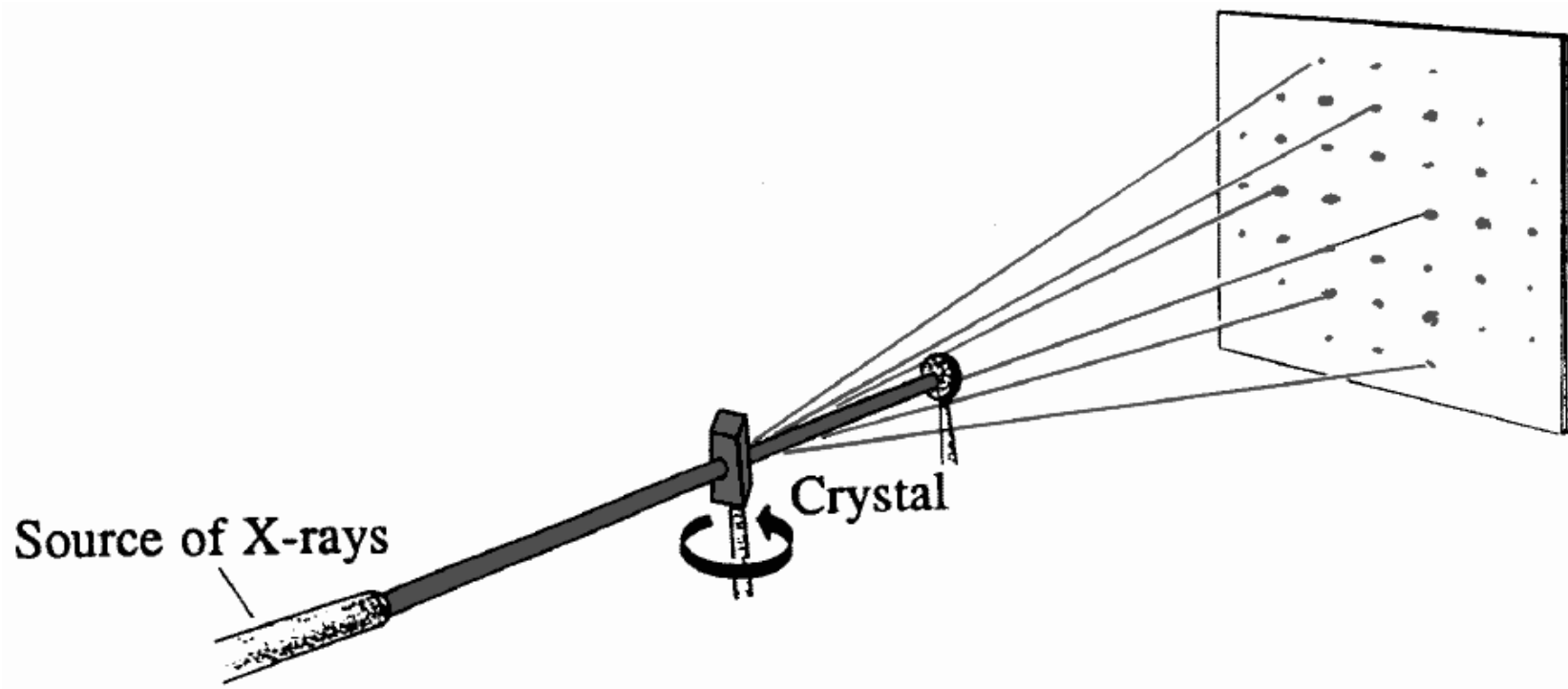
Diffractionmeter

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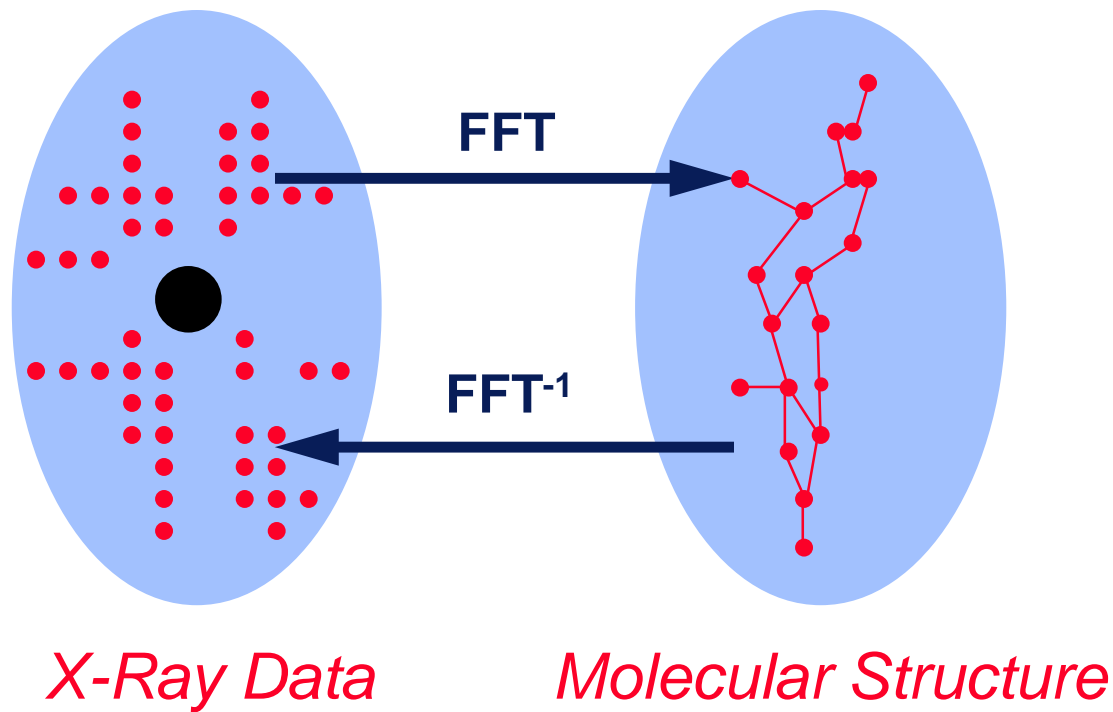
The Diffraction Pattern

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X-Ray Data & Molecular Structure

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The Phase Problem

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- ◆ Experiment yields:
 - reflections
 - associated intensities
- ◆ *Phase angles are lost in experiment.*
- ◆ Underlying atomic arrangement is related to the reflections by a 3-D Fourier transform.
- ◆ ***Phase Problem:*** determine the set of phases corresponding to the reflections.

Data Structures

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Reflections

	h	k	l	$ E $	ϕ
1					
2					
3					
M					

Reciprocal Space

3-D Fourier
Transform

Atoms

	x	y	z
1			
2			
3			
A			

Real Space

Direct Methods

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- ◆ *Direct Methods* use probabilistic theories to exploit linear relationships among phases.
- ◆ Resolution of 1.2Å or better.
- ◆ Routinely applied to structures with 150 or fewer atoms.
- ◆ Standard packages:
 - SHELX
 - teXsan
 - SIR92/96

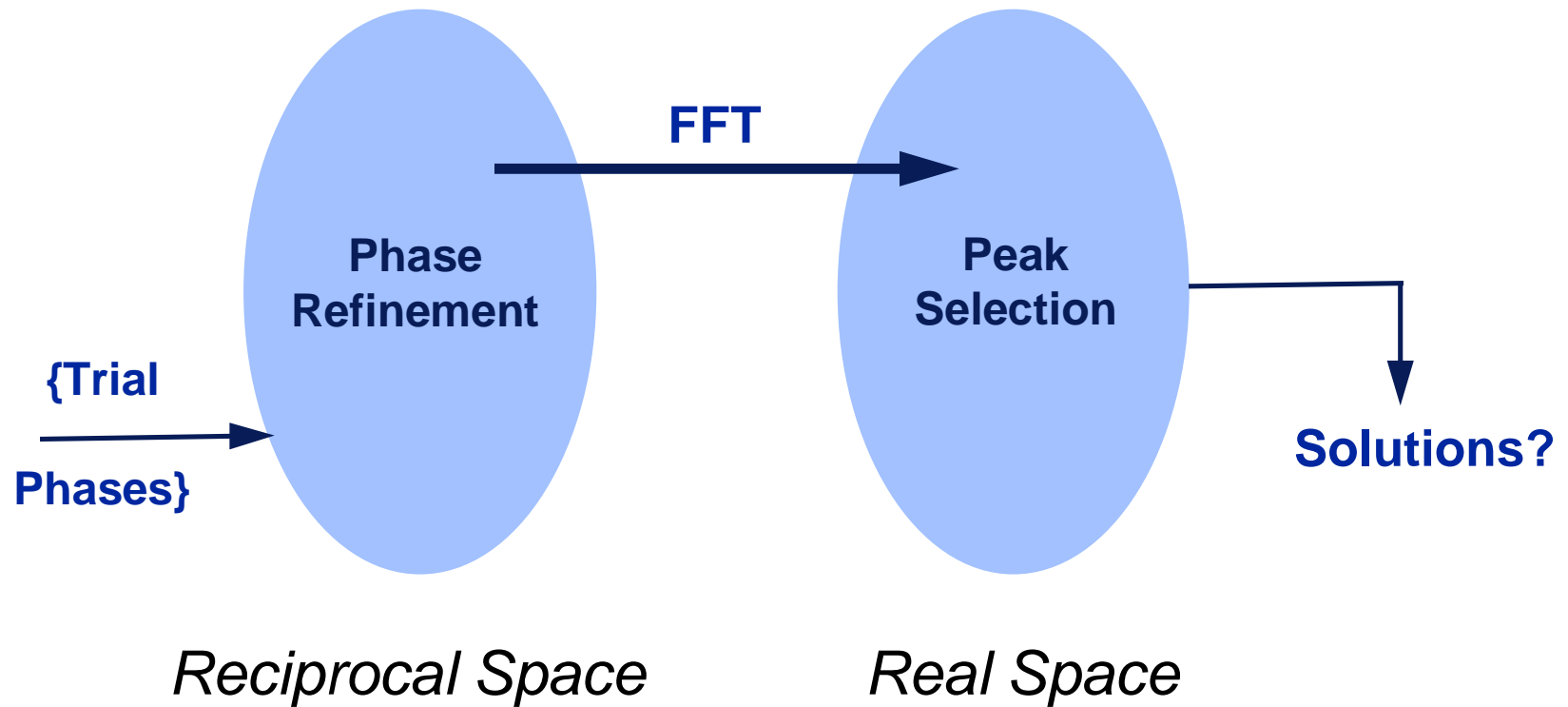
Structure Invariants



- ◆ *Direct Methods* exploit probabilistic theories to exploit linear relationships among phases.
- ◆ A *triplet* $(\phi_h + \phi_k + \phi_{-h-k})$ has a most probable value of $0 \bmod 2\pi$, given that h and k are distinct reciprocal vectors.

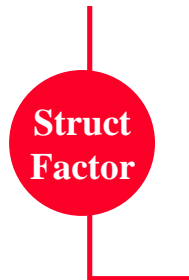
Conventional Direct Methods

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Shake-and-Bake

{Trial
Structures}



FFT⁻¹



The Minimal Function

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$$R = \frac{\sum_T W_T (\cos \phi_T - est_T)^2}{\sum_T W_T}$$

Triple: $\phi_T = \phi_h + \phi_k + \phi_{-h-k}$

$$W_T = \left(\frac{2}{N^{1/2}} \right) |E_h E_k E_{-h-k}|$$

est_T is the known expected value

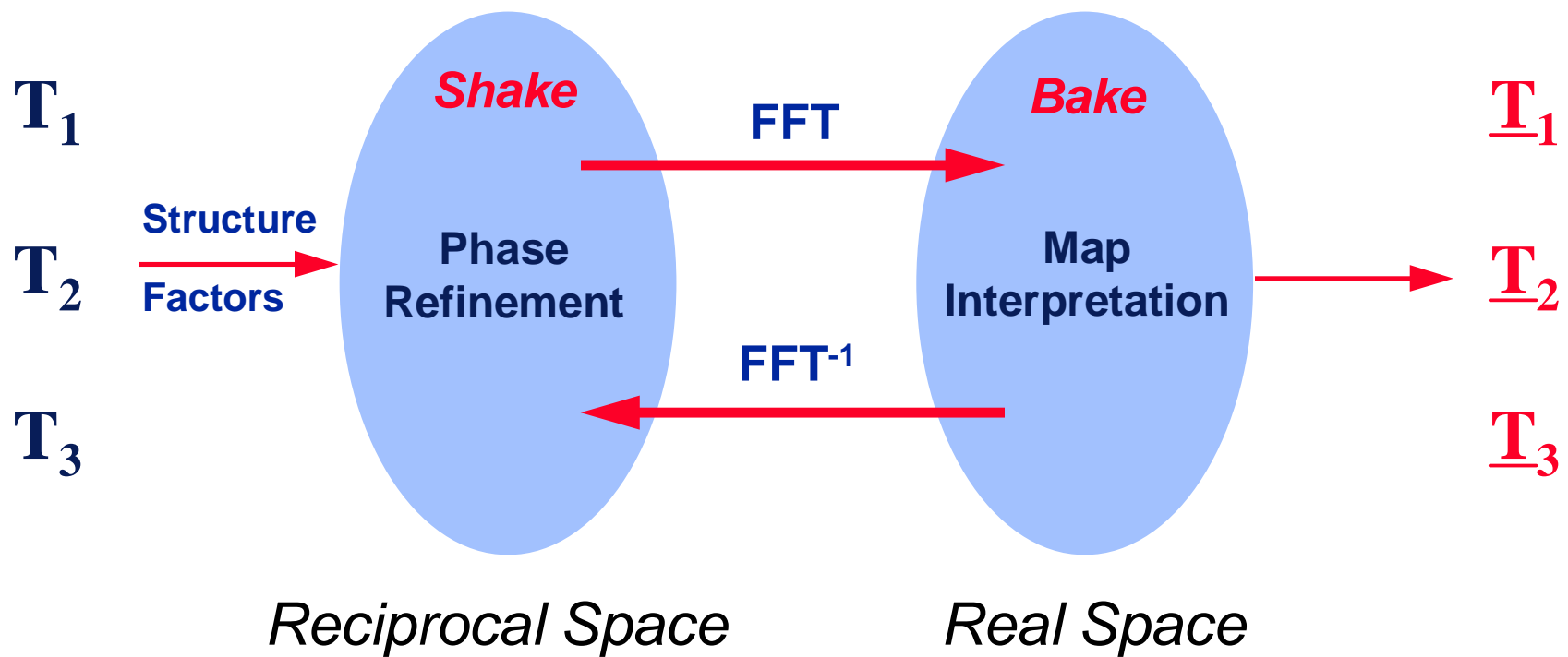
Shake-and-Bake

SnB

- ◆ **Direct Methods Optimization Technique**
- ◆ **Multiple Trial Structures**
- ◆ **Real Space \Leftrightarrow Reciprocal Space**
- ◆ **Phase Refinement Techniques**
 - **Parameter Shift (Minimal Function)**
 - **Tangent Formula**
- ◆ **Minimal Function as FOM**

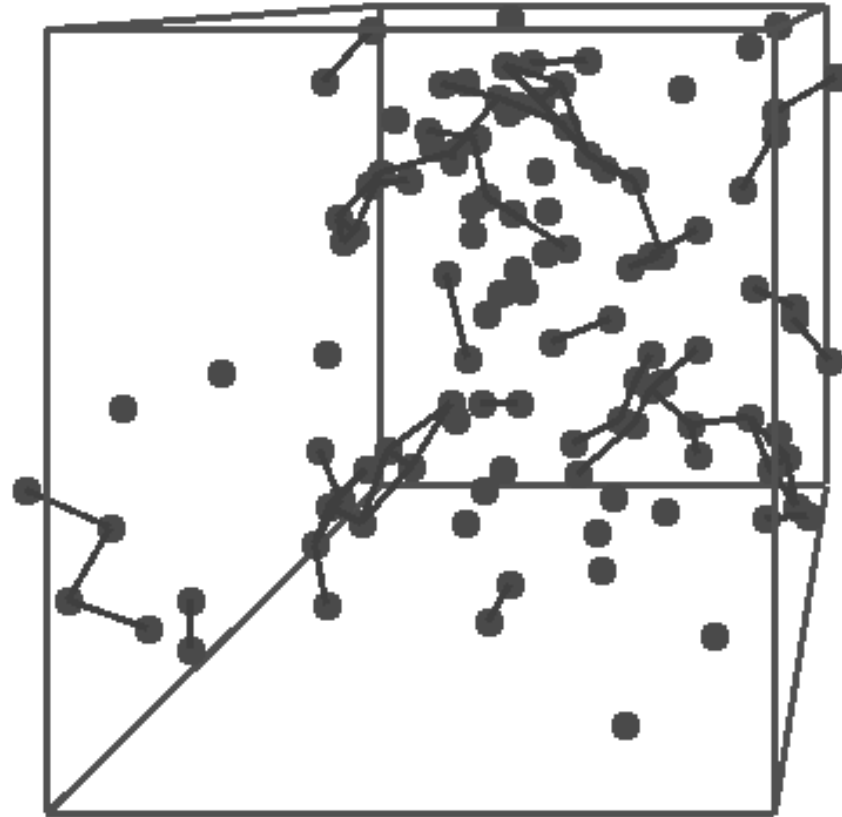
Shake-and-Bake

SnB



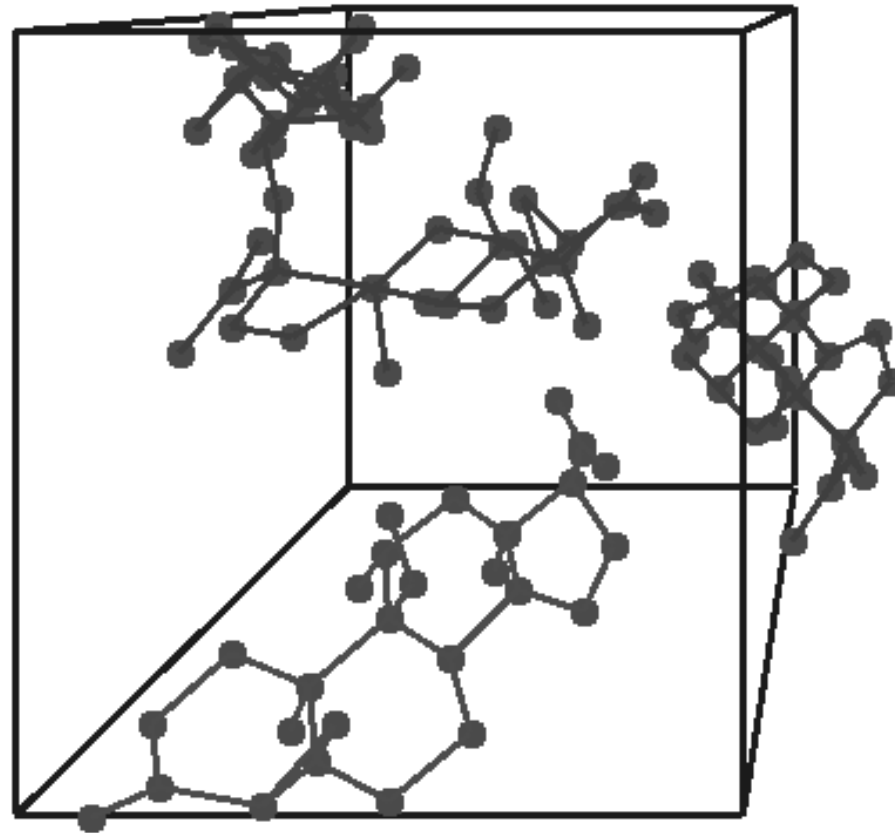
SnB: Random Start

SnB



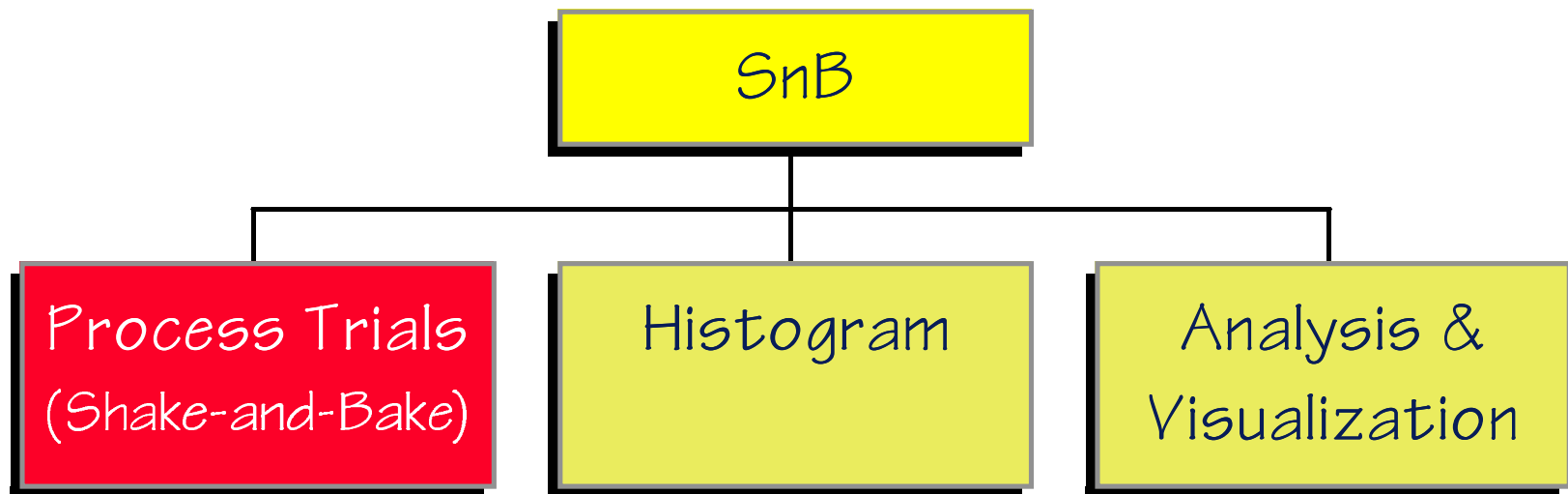
SnB: Final Structure

SnB



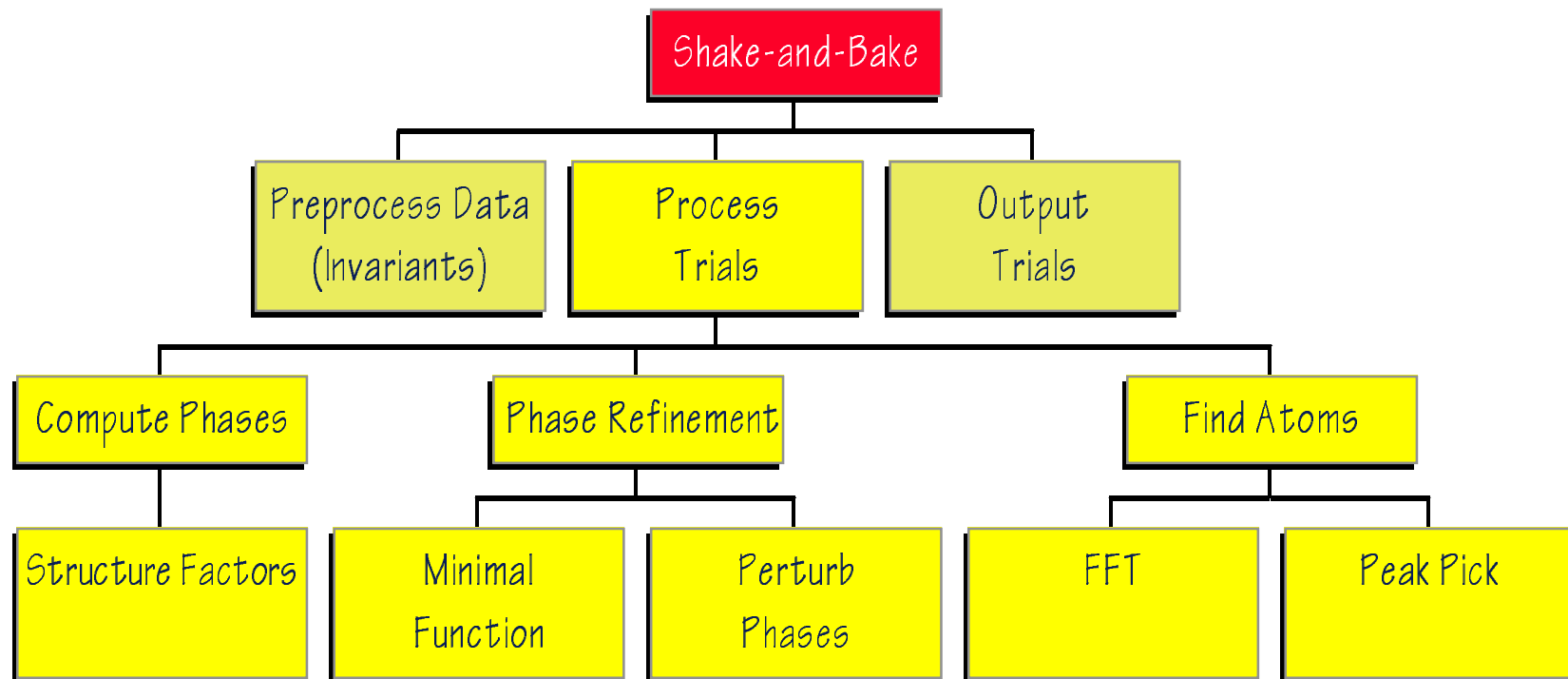
Structure of *SnB*

SnB



Shake-and-Bake

SnB



SnB Parameters



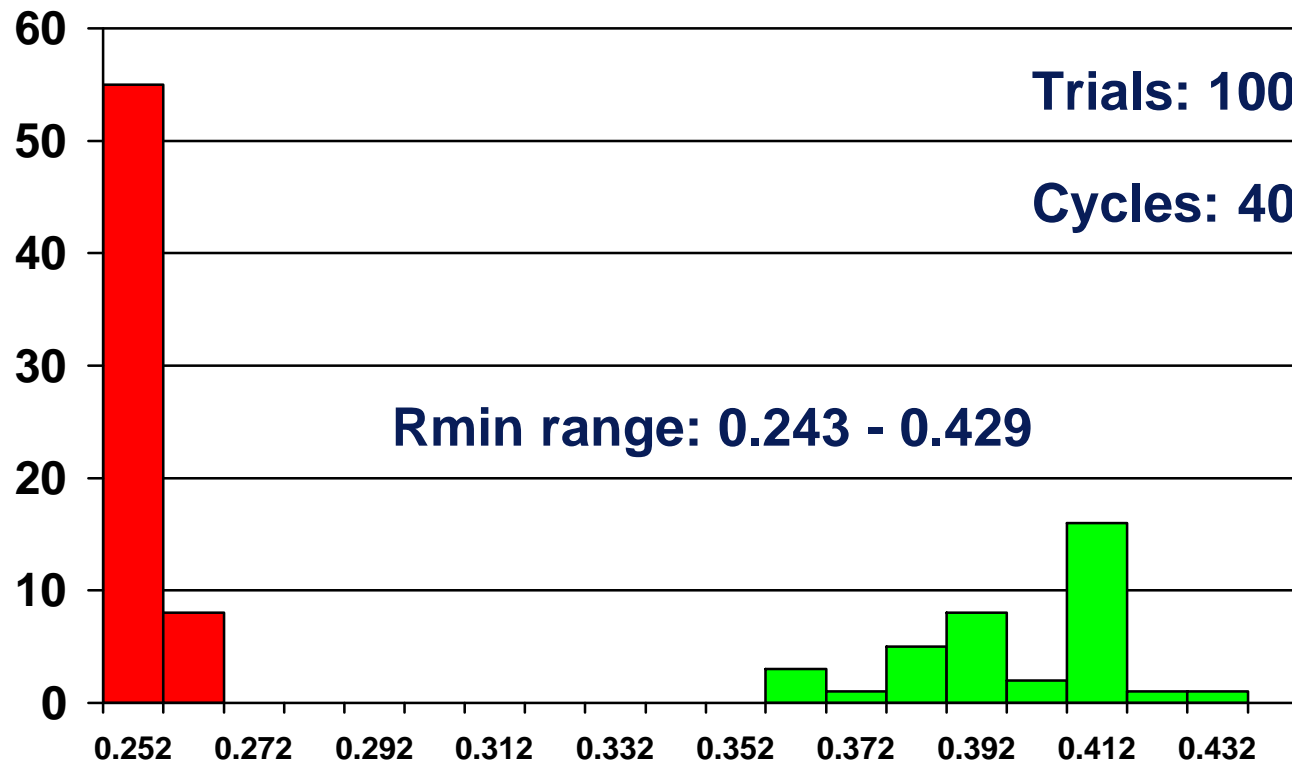
	Default	Ph8755	ToxII
Atoms (asu)	<i>n</i>	74	508
Phases	<i>8n - 10n</i>	740	5,000
Triples	<i>70n - 100n</i>	7,400	50,000
Cycles (PS)	<i>n/2</i>	40	255
Peaks recycled	<i>0.8n - n</i>	74	400
E-Fourier Steps	2	2	5

Ph8755: *SnB* Histogram

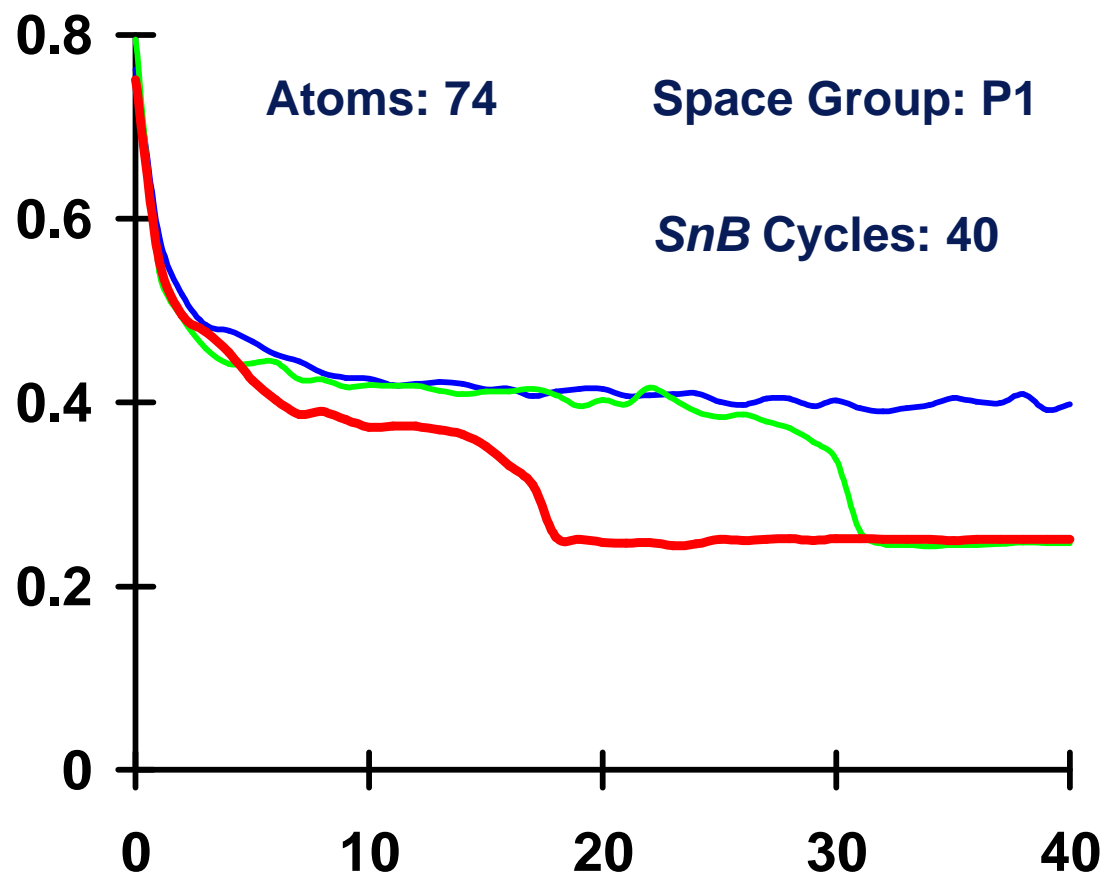
SnB

Atoms: 74
Space Group: P1

Phases: 740
Triples: 7,400



Ph8755: Trace of *SnB* Solution *SnB*



ToxII: *SnB* Histogram

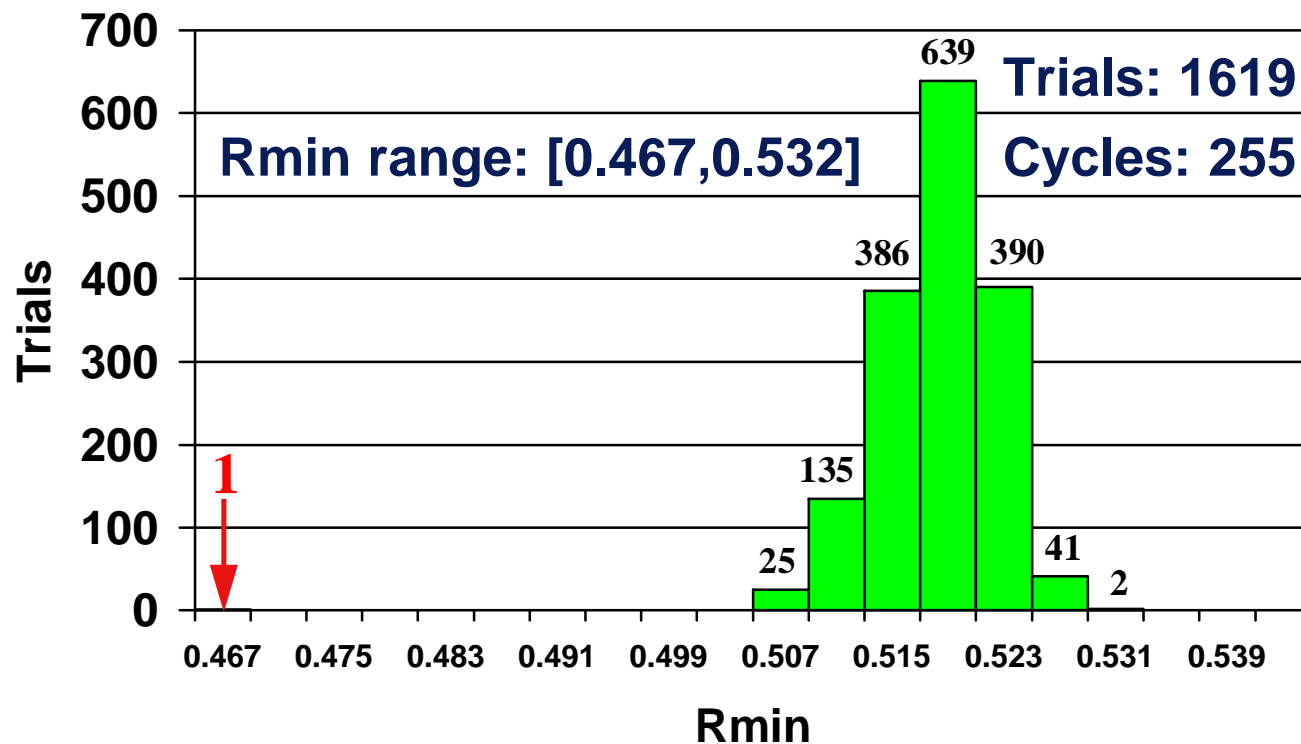
SnB

Atoms: 500

Phases: 5,000

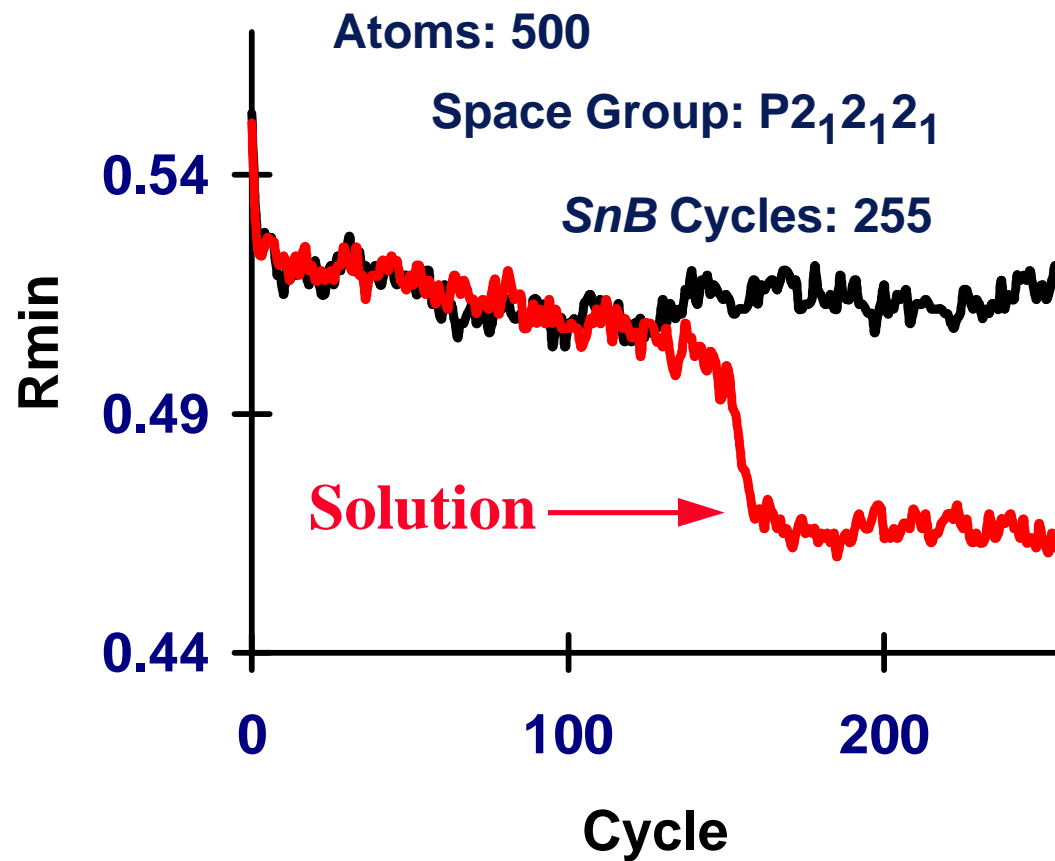
Space Group: $P2_12_12_1$

Triples: 50,000



Tox II: Trace of *SnB* Solution

SnB



Some *SnB* Applications

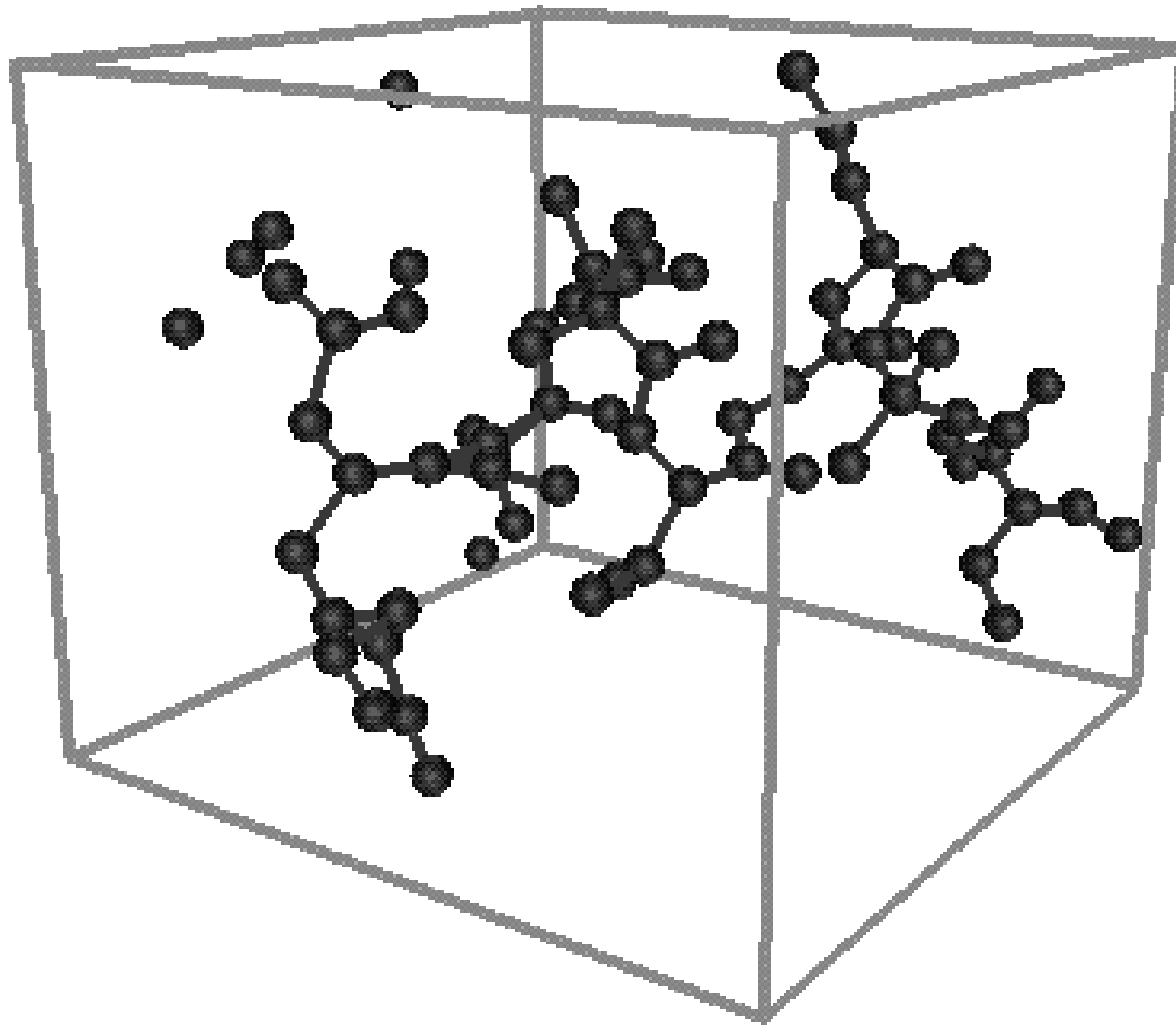
The logo for SnB, consisting of the letters 'SnB' in a stylized, italicized font. The 'S' and 'n' are red, and the 'B' is blue. The letters are slightly offset and have a shadow effect.

STRUCTURE	LOCATION	ATOMS	SPACE GROUP
Riboflavin tetrabutryate	MSC	180	P1
Vancomycin	Penn	258	P _{4,2,2}
I4 Peptide	HWI	289	I4
Gramicidin A	HWI	317	P _{2,2,2} ₁
Er-1 pheromone	UCLA	328	C2
Crambin	HWI	~400	P ₂ ₁
Alpha-1 peptide	OCI/U. of T.	471	P1
Rubredoxin	HWI	497	P ₂ ₁
Scorpion Toxin II	HWI	624	P _{2,2,2} ₁

Visualization in *SnB* (Ph8755)

Geomview: Geometry Center, U. Minn.

SnB



An Interesting I4 Structure

SnB

- ◆ **Structure:**

- Biological Peptide
- 289 nonH atoms, including 10 sulfurs
- 1.1Å resolution data

- ◆ **Bugs: Special Positions & Refinement**

- ◆ **Results (*SnB* 2.0)**

- PS: 53%
- PS/Rest: 44%
- Tan: 25%

Extending Resolution: the I4 Structure

SnB

- ◆ **Truncate to 1.2Å - 1.5Å**
- ◆ **Solutions at all resolutions**
 - Significant success rates through 1.4Å
 - Detect solutions to 1.4Å with Rmin
- ◆ **Need better FOM at lower resolution**
- ◆ **Consider Crystallographic R**

Factors Determining Success Rate *SnB*

- ◆ **Data quality**
- ◆ **Resolution**
- ◆ **Complexity and connectivity of structure**
- ◆ **Space group**
- ◆ *Presence of heavy atoms*

Computing Platforms

SnB

- ◆ **Unix Workstations**

- **SGI, Sun, DEC/Alpha**

- **Wintel/Linux**

- ◆ **Parallel Computers**

- **Cray T3D/E, TMC CM-5, IBM SP2**

- **SGI Origin 2000**

- **HP-Convex Exemplar**

- ◆ **Cray C90**

SnB 2.0: Rationale



- ◆ **Improve running time**
- ◆ **Build from ground up**
- ◆ **Provide additional features**
 - Inverse Fourier
 - Density modification
 - Grid size
 - “Twice Baking”
 - Additional FOMs

SnB 2.0: Varying Cycles



Structure	Success Rates while varying <i>SnB</i> Phase Refinement Cycles					
	$0.25n$	$0.5n$	$0.75n$	n	$1.25n$	$1.5n$
Vancomycin	0.1%	0.4%	0.4%	0.6%	0.7%	-
I4 Peptide	27.0	40.0	48.0	53.0	-	-
Gramicidin A	0.0	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.2	2.0%
Crambin	3.1	4.1	4.6	4.8	-	-
Rubredoxin	4.6	5.5	5.9	6.0	-	-
Scorpion Toxin II	0.05	0.5	1.0	1.4	-	-

SnB 2.0: Varying Peaks



<i>Structure</i>	<i>non-H Atoms</i>	<i>Heavy Atoms</i>	<i>Cycles</i>	<i>C.E. Peaks</i>	<i>Success Rate</i>
Vancomycin	258	Cl 8	200	25	0.8%
I4 Peptide	289	S10	250	50	53.0
Gramicidin A	317	-	275	200	1.1
Crambin	~400	S6	200	100	3.7
Rubredoxin	497	FeS6	400	100	6.2
Scorpion Toxin II	624	S8	500	200	1.0

SnB 2.0: Refinement



<i>Structure</i>	<i>PS Standard</i>	<i>PS Restricted</i>	<i>Tangent</i>
Vancomycin	0.6%	0.4%	0.3%
I4 Peptide	53.0	44.0	25.0
Gramicidin A	0.9	0.5	0.0
Crambin	4.8	3.7	2.2
Rubredoxin	6.0	5.2	3.6
Scorpion Toxin II	1.4	1.0	0.6

SnB 2.0: Timings

(SGI R10000 Workstation)



<i>Structure</i>	<i>non-H Atoms</i>	<i>Space Group</i>	<i>n/2 Cycles</i>	<i>Trials/ Day</i>	<i>Solns/ Day</i>
Vancomycin	258	P4₃2₁2	100	391	1.5
I4 Peptide	289	I4	125	274	110
Gramicidin A	317	P2₁2₁2₁	135	572	2
Crambin	~400	P2₁	150	1029	42
Rubredoxin	497	P2₁	200	294	16
Scorpion Toxin II	624	P2₁2₁2₁	250	109	0.5

Note: For each structure, optimum no. of peaks used.

Summary

SnB

- ◆ ***Shake-and-Bake: Dual-Space Direct Methods***
- ◆ **Targeted at 100-800 atom structures**
- ◆ **Publicly available**
- ◆ **LEVY / EVAL (Bob Blessing) for $|E|$'s**
- ◆ ***SnB* version 2.0**
 - ❑ Optimized code with Inverse FFT
 - ❑ Additional Density Modification Options
 - ❑ Improved Fourier Recycling: “Twice Baking”
 - ❑ I/O: $|E|$ calculation and visualization interface
 - ❑ (SIR/SAS/MAD Invariants with estimated values)

SnB

