

CSE 491/596 lecture Mon 10/17 Fall 2022

Prove  $\text{AllTM} - \{\langle M \rangle : L(M) = \Sigma^*\}$  is neither c.e. nor co-c.e.

Proof: By the All or Nothing Switch,  $\text{AllTM} \leq_m \text{ALL}_{TM}$



Since  $\text{AllTM}$  is not co-c.e.,  
 $\text{ALL}_{TM}$  is not co-c.e. either.

Defn.: A language  $B$  is hard for a class  $C$  under  $\leq_m$  if for all  $A \in C$ ,  $A \leq_m B$ .  
If also  $B \in C$ , then  $B$  is  $C$ -complete.

To show  $\text{AllTM}$  is not c.e. either, show  $D_{TM} \leq_m \text{ALL}_{TM}$ . I.e.  
map  $\langle M \rangle \hookrightarrow M'$  such that

IF  $M$  does not accept  $\langle M \rangle$ , then  $L(M') = \Sigma^*$   
IF  $M$  does accept its own code, then  $L(M') \neq \Sigma^*$ ; in fact  $L(M')$  is finite.

$\langle M \rangle \hookrightarrow M'$ :

Input $x$	compute $n =  x $	$(x \text{ is otherwise unused})$
Sim $M(\langle M \rangle)$ for up to $n$ steps.		
<div style="border: 1px solid green; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">if <math>M(\langle M \rangle)</math> accepted yes → reject <math>x</math> no → accept <math>x</math>.</div>		

Now define the problem

SNT: A TM  $M$

Ques: Is  $L(M)$  infinite?

Language: INF =  $\{\langle M \rangle : L(M) \text{ is infinite}\}$ .

Its complement  $\{\langle M \rangle : L(M) \text{ is finite}\}$

is called FIN or IFIN because it is an index set.

Prove that SNT and IFIN are neither c.e. nor co-c.e.

$\text{AllTM} \leq_m \text{INF} \text{ via AuNS}$   
 $D_{TM} \leq_m \text{INF}$  as above!