

Oct 28

Collaborative Filtering (Netflix)

Each user \equiv a ranking of movies/shows on Netflix

Hypothesis: User A is "close" to user B if their rankings are "close"

Assumption: Each user ranks ALL movies/shows on Netflix

User 1	User 2	User 3
① Maya & the 3	③	① = a_1
② Great British Baking Show	②	③ = a_2
③ Love is Blind	①	② = a_3

Input: A ranking $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n$ (permutation $1 \dots n$)

(Implicit assumption: $1, \dots, n$ is the "true" ranking)

Output: number of inversions $\leftarrow \{1, \dots, n\}$

Def: (i, j) is an inversion $i, j \in [n]$

(1) $i < j$ (2) $a_i > a_j$

Ex 1: User 2: $(a_1, a_2, a_3) = (\overset{1}{\underset{+}{3}}, \overset{2}{\underset{+}{2}}, \overset{3}{\underset{-}{1}})$

all pairs are inversions $(1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 3)$

\Rightarrow #inversions = 3.

User 3: $(a_1, a_2, a_3) = (\overset{1}{\underset{-}{1}}, \overset{2}{\underset{+}{3}}, \overset{3}{\underset{+}{2}})$

$(2, 3)$ is the only inversion #inversions = 1

Ex 2: $a = 1 \dots n$ #inversions = 0

(Ex for home) a_1, \dots, a_n are sorted in asc. order \iff #inversions = 0

Ex 3: $a = n, \dots, 1$ #inversions = #pairs = $\frac{n(n-1)}{2} = \binom{n}{2}$

$0 \leq \text{\#inversions} \leq \binom{n}{2}$
 \uparrow Ex at. for home)