

Out 10

Lemma 1: At the end of every iteration, if $u \in R$, then P_u is a shortest $s-u$ path

(unique) $s-u$ path in the "Dijkstra tree"

Pf (idea) By induction on $|R|$

Base case

$|R|=1 \Rightarrow R = \{s\}$

$d(s) = 0$

$P_s = s$ ✓

I.H. Assume lemma is true for $|R|=k$ for some $k \geq 1$

I.S. Goal: Prove the lemma for $|R|=k+1$

Let w be the $(k+1)^{th}$ vertex added to R

Claim: $\forall u \neq w \in R$, P_u is a shortest $s-u$ path. (true by I.H.)

Goal: P_w is a shortest $s-w$ path.

Assume w was added to Dijkstra tree because of the edge (u,w)

$P_w = P_u, (u,w)$

Claim: P_w is a shortest $s-w$ path.

Pf (idea) By contradiction

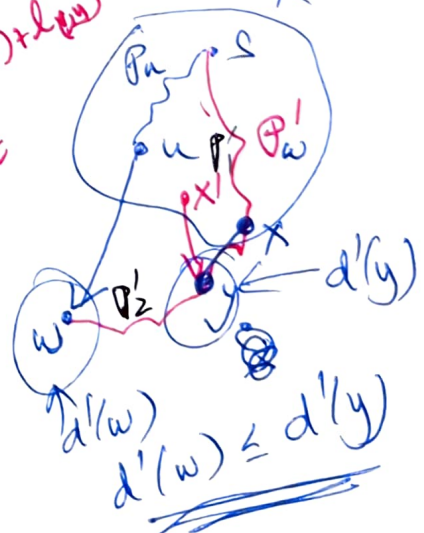
Assume \exists $s-w$ path P'_w s.t. $l(P'_w) < l(P_w)$
 (Think of the state of the algo just before w is added. Since $w \notin R$ but $s \in R \Rightarrow P'_w$ has to "cross" R)

$P'_w = P'_1, (x,y), P'_2$

$l(P'_w) = l(P'_1) + l_{(x,y)} + l(P'_2)$

$\geq \underbrace{d(x) + l_{(x,y)}}_{\geq d'(y)} + l(P'_2)$

$d'(y) = \min_{v \in R} d(v) + l_{(v,y)}$



$$\geq d'(y) + \underbrace{l(P'_2)}_{\geq 0}$$

$$\geq d'(y)$$

$$\geq d'(w)$$

$$\stackrel{\text{Algo def}}{=} d(w) = l(P_w)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{aligned} & l(P'_w) \\ & \geq l(P_w) \end{aligned}$$

Contradicts (*) \square