Political Science –International Relations

Preparing for the Final

What causes what? (Look at slide!)

 The course is mainly about competing answers that explain an outcome, pattern, effect, etc.

 Competing explanations to explain world politics

Parts and Wholes Slides

 States and non-state actors are the Parts

 International System is the Whole

 ORGANIZING PRINCIPLES

 Realist argues that organizing principle is anarchy

 Constructivist’s organizing principle is world political culture

There has been a growth of states and they are still the main actors in international politics

Consequences of Anarchy – already have in notes

 Define world political culture

Driving Forces and Levels of Analysis

 Levels of analysis classify causes and the driving force defines what influences the cause

Power is:

* Multidimensional
* Deeply embedded in complex relationships
* Tied to historical context – different times in history sources of power were different

Huntington’s sources of (super)power: (multidimensional)

* Military capability
* Productive Capacity
* Financial Resources
* Etc.

Know the currency of power change – INNOVATION

Three Interpretations of Interdependence

1. Realists: Increases the probability of conflict... Why?
2. Neoliberals: Conflicts arise from interdependence but can be managed (by creating institutions)
3. Commercial Liberals: Benefits all parties. The deeper the interdependence, the more both parties gain and the more expensive it becomes to break the relationship

IR scholars ask questions about:

* War
* Peace
* Cooperation
* Alliances among states
* Global Distribution of Wealth
* Foreign Policy
* Global Political Culture
* International Law
* International Organizations
* International Negotiations
* Rules Governing the Global Economy

Realism, Neoliberal Institutionalism, Commercial Liberalism, Democratic Peace Approach, Radical Approach, Constructivism, Foreign Policy Approach – these answer the questions which are asked about the topics above

Theory vs. Policy Ideas

 Theories seek to explain the way world politics works

 Policy Ideas prescribe what leaders should do (are based on theories)

Format of Final –

Identify basic terms from course and give their significance

Section on the readings – Last name of author and main points

 Question they address, response to question, is it a counterargument?

Conceptual and Theoretical

Conceptual – Anarchy, Driving Force and Levels of Analysis

Theoretical – Approaches

Short Essay?

Foreign Policy Approach – Second Level of Analysis

Constructivism – Third Level, Global Political Culture

 World Political Culture is changing

 International norms and changes in norms

 Beliefs changing the way leaders think

 End of Cold War why was there Peace? Risse piece, liberal security community

Radical Approach – The Marxist Approach

 Frank Piece – Problems of the world stem from Global Economy (capitalist economy)

 Wade Piece looking at World Bank