CSE 462: Test #2 (03/26/10)

Problem 1 (20 pts)

Design an Entity-Relationship schema for a database of tourist information. The database should contain the information about:

- cities: name, state, population;
- services: name, city, street address;
- tourist guides: title, featured services with the associated ratings.

Each city is only in a single state. City names are unique within each state. Each service has a unique name. A service is a hotel or a restaurant. For each restaurant the information about its cuisine (American, Chinese, Italian,...) is kept. The ratings are captured as numbers of stars (between 1 and 5). Different guides may rate the same service differently. You can make any other additional assumptions that make sense in the real world.

Solution.

Entity types:

- City with attributes Name, State and Population, and key (Name, State);
- Service with attributes Name, Address, and key Name;
- Hotel with attribute Name which is a key;
- Restaurant with attributes Name (key) and Cuisine;
- Guide with attribute Title.

Relationship types:

- Location(Service,City), N:1;
- Listing(Guide, Service), N:M, with attribute Stars.

isa relationships:

- Hotel isa Service;
- Restaurant isa Service.

Problem 2 (20 pts)

Produce a relational schema in BCNF from the E-R schema obtained in Problem 1. Identify keys and foreign keys. Eliminate redundancies.

Solution. Keys are underlined. Relations:

- CITY(CNAME,STATE,POPULATION);

- SERVICE(<u>SNAME</u>, ADDRESS);
- HOTEL(<u>SNAME</u>), foreign key SNAME referencing SERVICE(SNAME);
- RESTAURANT(<u>SNAME</u>), foreign key SNAME referencing SERVICE(SNAME);
- GUIDE(<u>TITLE</u>);
- LOCATION (<u>SNAME</u>, CNAME, STATE), foreign keys: SNAME referencing SERVICE(SNAME) and (CNAME, STATE) referencing CITY(CNAME, STATE);
- LISTING(<u>TITLE, SNAME</u>, STARS), foreign keys: TITLE referencing GUIDE(TITLE) and SNAME referencing SERVICE(SNAME).

The relations SERVICE and LOCATION can be merged to yield a single relation

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SERVICE (SNAME, ADDRESS, CNAME, STATE)
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with foreign keys: SNAME referencing SERVICE(SNAME) and (CNAME, STATE) referencing CITY(CNAME, STATE).

Problem 3 (20 pts)

Let R(ABC) be a relation schema together with the set of dependencies $F = \{A \to B, B \to C, C \to B\}$.

- 1. Find the keys of R and check whether R is in BCNF or 3NF. Explain the answers, using the appropriate definitions.
- 2. If R is not in BCNF, provide a lossless join decomposition of R into BCNF and check which dependencies in F^+ it preserves.

Solution.

Answers:

- One key: A,
- Check that BC is not a key using a counterexample $r = \{(3, 1, 2), (4, 1, 2)\}$ which satisfies F but not $BC \to A$.
- R is not in BCNF because there is a nontrivial, nonkey FD $B \to C$ in F. $(C \to B$ also violates BCNF.) It is not in 3NF because C does not belong to any key.
- A lossless-join decomposition into BCNF, (AB, BC), preserves all FDs. (Note that another lossless-join decomposition, (AC, BC), also preserves all FDs, while (AC, AB) is also lossless-join but loses $B \to C$ and $C \to B$.)