

Mar 30

Strategies for solving recurrences

Lemma: $T(n) \leq c \cdot n \cdot \log_2 n + cn$

- ① "Unroll" the recurrence and use the pattern
- ② Guess the answer and verify using induction on n

Pf of Lemma:

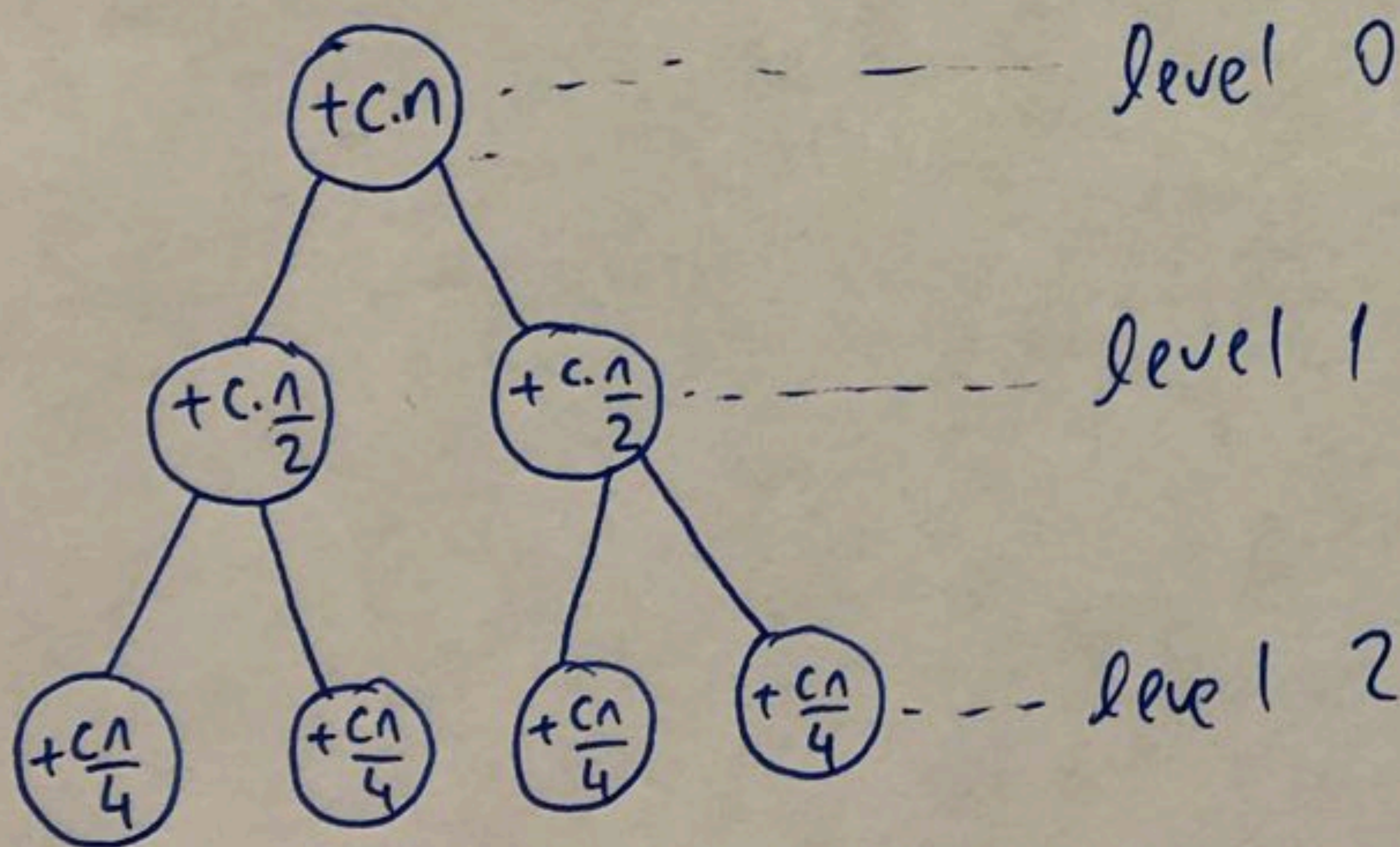
$$T(n) \leq c \cdot n + 2 T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)$$

$$\leq c \cdot n + 2 \left(\frac{cn}{2} + 2 \cdot T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) \right)$$

$$= c \cdot n + c \cdot n + 4 \cdot T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right)$$

$$\leq c \cdot n + c \cdot n + 4 \cdot \left(\frac{cn}{4} + 2 \cdot T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right) \right)$$

$$= c \cdot n + c \cdot n + c \cdot n + 8 \cdot T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right)$$



→ Contribution from level i
 $= 2^i \cdot \frac{cn}{2^i} = c \cdot n$

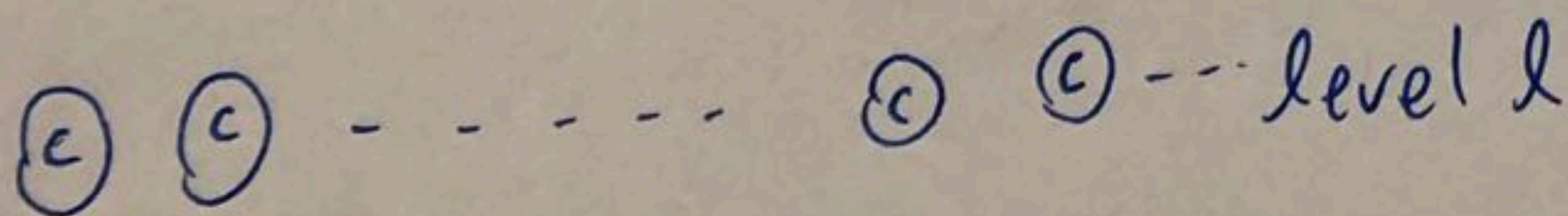
$$\Rightarrow T(n) \leq c \cdot n \cdot (\# \text{levels})$$

Note: $n = 2^l$

$$\Rightarrow l = \log_2 n$$

$$\Rightarrow T(n) \leq c \cdot n \cdot (\log_2 n + 1)$$

$$= c \cdot n \cdot \log_2 n + cn$$



Strategy 2: Guess; $T(n) \leq c \cdot n \cdot \log_2 n + c \cdot n$

Base case: $\Rightarrow T(1) = c \cdot 1 \cdot \log_2 1 + c$
 $= c \checkmark$

Inductive hypothesis: $T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \leq c \cdot \frac{n}{2} \cdot \log_2\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + c \cdot \frac{n}{2}$
 $= \frac{cn}{2} \left(\log_2\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 1\right)$
 $= \frac{cn}{2} (\log_2 n - \log_2 2 + 1)$
 $= \frac{cn}{2} \cdot \log_2 n \quad (*)$

Inductive step:

By recursion

$$T(n) \leq c \cdot n + 2 \cdot T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)$$
$$\text{by } (*) \leq c \cdot n + 2 \cdot \left(\frac{cn}{2} \cdot \log_2 n\right)$$
$$= cn + cn \cdot \log_2 n \quad \blacksquare$$