

Mar 26

THM: Kruskal's algo is correct.

Pf. idea: Consider the case when $e = (u, w)$ is being added to T .

(Consider all edges in increasing order of C_e & add e if adding it does not introduce a cycle)

Goal: Show e is the cheapest crossing edge for some cut $(S, V \setminus S)$

Q: What is S ?

A: Let S be the vertices connected to u using ONLY the edges in T so far.

Perturbation Trick

Assume all c_e s are integers (Ex: without this assumption)

Idea: Add to i^{th} edge an extra $\frac{i}{2 \cdot n \cdot n}$ $1 \leq i \leq m$

$$c'_e = c_e + \frac{i}{2 \cdot n \cdot n}$$

Ex. All c'_e s are distinct

Q: By how much does the MST cost change?

edges in tree T is $n-1$

$$\Rightarrow \text{max change in } c(T) \leq (n-1) \cdot \frac{m}{2 \cdot n \cdot n}$$

$$= \frac{n-1}{2n} \leq \frac{n}{2n} = \frac{1}{2}$$

\Rightarrow cannot "confuse" 2 spanning trees of diff. costs since

$$\text{if } c(T_1) \neq c(T_2) \Rightarrow |c(T_1) - c(T_2)| \geq 1$$

as all c_e are integers.