

APR 13

# MergeSort (a, n)

if  $n=1$ , then return  $a_1$

if  $n > 1$ ,  
 $a_L = a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor}$   
 $a_R = a_{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor + 1}, a_2, \dots, a_n$

return MERGE (MergeSort ( $a_L, \lfloor n/2 \rfloor$ ), MergeSort ( $a_R, n - \lfloor n/2 \rfloor$ ))

$n=5$   
 $\lfloor n/2 \rfloor = \lfloor 5/2 \rfloor$   
 $= \lfloor 2.5 \rfloor = 2$   
 $n - \lfloor n/2 \rfloor = 5 - 2 = 3$   
 $= \lceil n/2 \rceil$   
 $\lceil n/2 \rceil = \lceil 5/2 \rceil = \lceil 2.5 \rceil = 3$

$T(n)$  def. max. runtime of MergeSort over all inputs of size  $n$ .

$$T(n) \leq O(1) + O(n) + T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + T(n - \lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + O(n)$$

if  $n=1$ ,  $T(n) \leq O(1)$

if  $n > 1$ ,  $T(n) \leq O(n) + T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + T(n - \lfloor n/2 \rfloor)$

$$T(n) \leq \begin{cases} O(1), & \text{if } n=1 \\ O(n) + T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + T(n - \lfloor n/2 \rfloor), & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$$

By def. of Big Oh,  $\exists$  constants  $c_1, c_2$

$$T(n) \leq \begin{cases} c_1, & \text{if } n=1 \\ c_2 n + T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + T(n - \lfloor n/2 \rfloor), & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$$

pick  $c = \max(c_1, c_2)$

$$T(n) \leq \begin{cases} c, & \text{if } n=1 \\ cn + T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + T(\lceil n/2 \rceil), & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$$

Rule of thumb: for asymptotics of  $T(n)$   
enough to show:  $T(\lfloor x \rfloor) \Rightarrow T(x)$ ,  $T(\lceil x \rceil) \Rightarrow T(x)$

$$T(n) \leq \begin{cases} c, & \text{if } n=1 \\ cn + 2T(n/2), & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$$

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Lemma:  $T(n) \leq cn \log_2 n + cn \quad (\leq O(n \log n))$

$\Rightarrow$  MergeSort runs in  $O(n \log n)$  time.