

# CSE 305 Programming Languages Spring, 2005

## Homework 5

Maximum Points: 9

Due 9:00 am, Monday, March 7, 2005

Professor Shapiro

February 28, 2005

Write the answers to this homework set into a file named `hw5`, and submit it using the `submit` script, by the date and time shown above.

1. (3) Question 21 of the recent Midterm exam contains a Python program. Run that program. Include both your version of the program and the run (as you did for `echo.py`) in your answers to this homework set.
2. (6) Write a LOSL program to calculate the  $n^{\text{th}}$  Fibonacci number for a given  $n$ . Recall,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Fibonacci}(n) &= 1 \text{ if } n \leq 2 \\ \text{Fibonacci}(n) &= \text{Fibonacci}(n-1) + \text{Fibonacci}(n-2) \text{ if } n > 2 \end{aligned}$$

For example,  $\text{Fibonacci}(8) = 21$ .

You may use the Common Lisp program `/projects/shapiro/CSE305/losl` as an LOSL interpreter while you develop your program, but you should turn in just your program.

More specifically, your program must include the variables `N` and `F`, and may use additional variables. The variable `N` should be initialized before your program runs, and all other variables must be initialized by your program. When your program stops, the variable `F` must contain  $\text{Fibonacci}(N)$ .

The LOSL interpreter uses the same syntax as the LOSL defined in the course web pages and on page 8 of the recent Midterm exam, except that the symbol “`:`” is replaced by “`>`”.

The following trace shows the LOSL interpreter running a program to increment whatever value is initially stored in `x` by 1. The value `x` is initialized, before the program runs, to 3. The trace shows the program being run without tracing, followed by a dump of memory, then being run with tracing. This trace starts after running Common Lisp. How to do that will be explained further in recitation.

```
cl-user(1): :ld /projects/shapiro/CSE305/losl
; Fast loading /projects/shapiro/CSE305/losl.fasl

cl-user(2): :pa losl

losl(3): (run '(x x fetch 1 + store pop stop x> 3))
DONE

losl(4): (dump)
=====
Symbol Table
-----
x: 8
PC: 8
Stack: nil
RAM
---
0: x
1: x
2: fetch
3: 1
4: +
5: store
6: pop
7: stop
8: 4
=====

losl(5): (run '(x x fetch 1 + store pop stop x> 3) :trace t)
=====
Symbol Table
-----
x: 8
PC: 0
Stack: nil
RAM
---
0: x
1: x
2: fetch
3: 1
4: +
5: store
6: pop
7: stop
8: 3
=====
```

```

=====
Symbol Table
-----
x: 8
PC: 1
Stack: (8)
RAM
---
0: x
1: x
2: fetch
3: 1
4: +
5: store
6: pop
7: stop
8: 3
=====
=====
Symbol Table
-----
x: 8
PC: 2
Stack: (8 8)
RAM
---
0: x
1: x
2: fetch
3: 1
4: +
5: store
6: pop
7: stop
8: 3
=====

```

```

=====
Symbol Table
-----
x: 8
PC: 3
Stack: (3 8)
RAM
---
0: x
1: x
2: fetch
3: 1
4: +
5: store
6: pop
7: stop
8: 3
=====
=====
Symbol Table
-----
x: 8
PC: 4
Stack: (1 3 8)
RAM
---
0: x
1: x
2: fetch
3: 1
4: +
5: store
6: pop
7: stop
8: 3
=====

```

```

=====
Symbol Table
-----
x: 8
PC: 5
Stack: (4 8)
RAM
---
0: x
1: x
2: fetch
3: 1
4: +
5: store
6: pop
7: stop
8: 3
=====
=====
Symbol Table
-----
x: 8
PC: 6
Stack: (4)
RAM
---
0: x
1: x
2: fetch
3: 1
4: +
5: store
6: pop
7: stop
8: 4
=====

```

```

=====
Symbol Table
-----
x: 8
PC: 7
Stack: nil
RAM
---
0: x
1: x
2: fetch
3: 1
4: +
5: store
6: pop
7: stop
8: 4
=====
=====
Symbol Table
-----
x: 8
PC: 8
Stack: nil
RAM
---
0: x
1: x
2: fetch
3: 1
4: +
5: store
6: pop
7: stop
8: 4
=====
DONE
losl(6):

```