

CSE 4/563 Knowledge Representation  
Professor Shapiro  
Homework 10  
Maximum Points: 12  
Due: 10:30 AM, Wednesday, April 15, 2009

April 8, 2008

Put your answers in a file named `hw10.ext`. **Include your name at the top of the file.** Submit that file by executing the Unix command

```
submit_cse463 hw10.ext
```

or

```
submit_cse563 hw10.ext
```

whichever is appropriate for you. The file can be a text file, or produced by some word processing software, but it must be formatted so it is easy to read. The file is to end with a transcript of a demo run of your program.

You are also to submit a single file of your SNePSLOG program for this homework set. Name this file `hw10.snepslog`.

1. In lecture, we discussed the notion of one relation's being the transitive closure of another (Chapter 7 of the lecture notes).
  - (a) (3) Give the definition of `isTransitiveClosureOf` in SNePSLOG. (Use implication, rather than biconditional.)
  - (b) (1) State in SNePSLOG that `isAncestorOf` is the transitive closure of `isParentOf`.
  - (c) (2) State in SNePSLOG that Tom is the parent of Betty and Betty is the parent of Ted.
  - (d) (3) Show the SNePSLOG run in which you provide the preceding information, and then issue the command  

```
askwh isAncestorOf(?x,?y)
```
  
2. "The reflexive closure of a binary relation  $R$  on a set  $X$  is the minimal reflexive relation  $R'$  on  $X$  that contains  $R$ . Thus  $aR'a$  for every element  $a$  of  $X$  and  $aR'b$  for distinct elements  $a$  and  $b$ , provided that  $aRb$ ." [Weisstein, Eric W. "Reflexive Closure." From MathWorld—A Wolfram Web Resource. <http://mathworld.wolfram.com/ReflexiveClosure.html>]
  - (a) (3) State in SNePSLOG the definition of `isReflexiveClosureOf(r2,r1)` over the domain of `Thing`.
  - (b) (1) State in SNePSLOG that `isPartOf` is the reflexive closure of `isProperPartOf`.
  - (c) (2) State in SNePSLOG that Tom's chest and Tom's heart are things, and that Tom's heart is a proper part of Tom's chest.
  - (d) (3) Show the SNePSLOG run in which you provide the preceding information, and then ask (using `askwh`) what is a part of what.
  - (e) (3) If you had to `askwh` twice, explain why.