CSE 486/586 Distributed Systems Android Programming --- 1

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Recap

- What to put on top of physical networks?
 - Layers providing survivability
- Where to put functionalities?
 - Fate-sharing & end-to-end arguments
 - IP layer doesn't provide much
 - TCP handles most of the survivability issues
- TCP & UDP: the two transport protocols of the Internet
- What interface do applications see?
 - Socket API

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Today

- · Basic Android programming
- · Mainly programming model and components
- We will look at PA1 template code alongside.
- Caveats
 - Not really a comprehensive tutorial
 - Just touching on basics
- · Will have more of these later as more PAs come out.

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Four Most Important Things

- · Tools that you need to be familiarized with:
 - Android APIs and constructs
 - Terminal (debugging, etc.)
- · Read the documentation.
 - Learn how to use the APIs and the constructs, e.g., AsyncTask, Messenger, etc.
 - Learn how to work within the Android's constraints.
- · Learn how to use a terminal.
 - Setting up the environment
 - Using LogCat, DDMS, etc. (for debugging)
 - Much time is spent on debugging
- · Incremental development
 - First write the minimum possible thing to execute your app.
 - Iterate: write something and debug

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Android Programming Model

- Three things to keep in mind.
 - The responsibilities of the OS
 - The responsibilities of an app
 - How the OS knows the responsibilities of an app.
- App
 - No main()
 - Event-driven (reacting to events)
- OS
- Deliver events by calling appropriate callbacks
- AndroidManifest.xml
 - · An app declares its capabilities (e.g., its permissions).
 - An app registers all the callbacks.

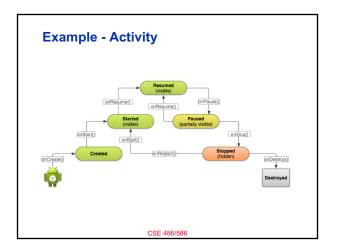
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What? No main()?

- There is a main()! It's just that it's hidden.
- Zygote starts at boot.
- · Launcher sends a message to start an activity.
- Zygote forks a new VM instance that loads ActivityThread.
 - ActivityThread has the real main() for an app.
- ActivityThread calls the app's onCreate(), onStart(), etc.
- What main() does is implementing an event loop.
 - Wait for an event to happen.
 - When an event happens, look up which callback handles the event.
 - · Call the callback.
 - Loop

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public class Activity extends ApplicationContext { protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState); protected void onStart(); protected void onRestart(); protected void onResume(); protected void onPause(); protected void onDestroy(); }



Declare in AndroidManifest.xml

Define Permissions

- Should define permissions (for others) in AndroidManifest.xml
- <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET"/>

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• Please use Piazza; all announcements will go there.

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More

- · Logging statements
- Running a terminal window per AVD
- Questions?

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